



# Venture

**WARNING: DO NOT OPERATE THIS MACHINE WITHOUT PROPER TRAINING! Improper or unsafe operation of the machine will result in personal injury and/or damage to the equipment.**



# Venture *Plus*

This manual will provide unpacking, maintenance, and user guide for running the Techno Venture Series and Venture Plus Series CNC Routers.

It is suggested that the operator keep this manual by the machine. This will provide the most important information pertaining to the operation of this machine.

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## Section I: General Installation Instructions

# FORKLIFT GUIDE

## I. UNPACKING AND MACHINE IDENTIFICATIONS

All Techno machines are shipped assembled and secured to a wooden pallet.

### 1.1

Unpack all items that shipped with your machine. Check the items against the packing slip to be sure nothing was left out. Notify Techno immediately if you are missing any pieces of your shipment.

A toolbox and other accessories such as vacuum hosing and leveling feet may be packed under the machine during shipping.

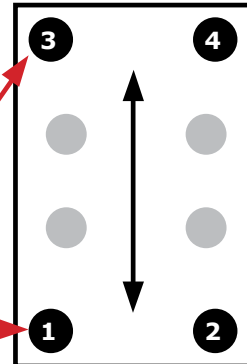


Fig. 1.1

● Please note the 4 Forklift Tubes on the front and rear of the machine.

● If required, there are 4 Forklift Tubes on the sides of the machine.

Rear of Machine



Front of Machine

## II. MEASURING FORKS AND FORKLIFTING MACHINE

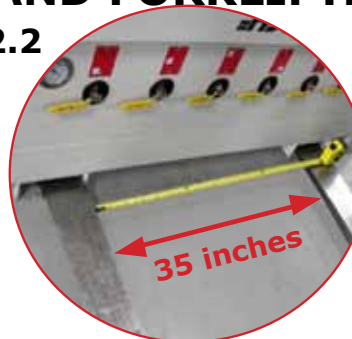
### 2.1

Forks must be centered in the front of the machine (shown in Fig 2.1).



Fig. 2.1

### 2.2



Measure the distance between the forks.  
(shown in Fig 2.2).

Fig. 2.2

## SAFETY WARNING: DO NOT LIFT OR MOVE MACHINE USING GANTRY



**For safety and to prevent damage to the machine and cables, Lift Machine Using Forklift Tubes ONLY**

Depending on machine size — SEE QUOTE FOR MACHINE WEIGHT

NOTE: Forklift capacity must be adequate to safely lift the machine.

It is recommended to have Fork Lift Extensions to better support the load.

### 2.3

Take care not to damage the valves on the front of the machine.  
Slowly move in close to the machine.



Fig. 2.3

### 2.4



Fig. 2.4

Forklift your machine up from the floor and remove the wooden pallet.



## 1.2 SAFETY INFORMATION!

**Read these instructions thoroughly before operating machine. DO NOT operate machine if you are unfamiliar with these safe operating instructions. DO NOT operate machine without knowing where the emergency stop switch is located.**

1. Keep fingers, hands, and all other objects away from machine while power is on.
2. Disconnect power to all system components when not in use, when changing accessories, and before servicing.
3. Do not loosen, remove, or adjust machine parts or cables while power is on.
4. Exercise care with machine controls and around keyboard to avoid unintentional starting.
5. Make sure voltage supplied is appropriate to specifications of components.
6. Machines must be plugged into four-pronged grounded outlets. Do not remove the grounding plug or connect into an ungrounded extension cord.
7. Keep cables and cords away from heat, oil, and sharp edges. Do not overstretch or run them under other objects or over work surfaces.
8. Use proper fixtures and clamps to secure work. Never use hands to secure work.
9. Do not attempt to exceed limits of machine.
10. Do not attempt to use machine for purposes other than what is intended.
11. Use machine only in clean, well-lit areas free from flammable liquids and excessive moisture.
12. Stay alert at all times when operating the machine.
13. Always wear safety goggles.
14. Do not wear jewelry or loose-fitting clothing when operating machine. Long hair should be protected.
15. Always maintain proper balance and footing when working around the machine.
16. Maintain equipment with care. Keep cutting tools clean and sharp. Lubricate and change accessories when necessary. Cables and cords should be inspected regularly. Keep controls clean and dry.
17. Before using, check for damaged parts. An authorized service center should perform all repairs. Only identical or authorized replacement parts should be used.
18. Remove any adjusting keys and wrenches before turning machine on.
19. Do not operate the machine unattended.
20. Follow all safety instructions and processing instructions in the MSDS for the material being processed.
21. Use proper precautions with dust collection systems to prevent sparks and fire hazards.
22. Make sure to have proper fire extinguishing equipment on hand at all times.

**PREVENT FIRE HAZARDS** by using the proper feeds, speeds, and tooling while operating your Techno machine. For example, **setting feeds and speeds too low and/or using dull tool bits creates friction at the material.** The friction generates heat which can result in a fire that can be drawn through the vacuum table or dust collector without warning. Fire hazard from friction heating caused by dull tools is possible when cutting certain materials, especially composite material such as wood composites, MDF and Particleboard.

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### 1.3 Correct Collecting:

Read these instructions thoroughly  
**BEFORE** operating machine.



**WARNING!**  
**THE SPINDLE WILL BE DAMAGED**  
**IF UNBALANCED EQUIPMENT IS USED.**  
**AIR SUPPLY MUST BE FILTERED AND DRY.**

## ***COLLETING GUIDELINES***

### ***WRONG!***



This picture shows an improper assembly. Notice the gap and angle of the collet in relation to the nut. The collet is not flush to the end of the collet nut. Correct this assembly before using.

**DO NOT  
PUSH THE  
COLLET  
INTO THE  
SPINDLE AT  
ANY TIME!**

Only the proper assembly should be screwed onto the spindle.



### ***RIGHT!***



The picture above is how your collet nut assembly should look: the end of the collet is flush with the bottom surface of the collet nut. You will hear and feel a "SNAP" as the collet properly goes into the collet nut. Once it is assembled, then "SCREW" the nut onto the threaded spindle end.

### **FOR TOOLCHANGE AND FIXED COLLET SPINDLES:**

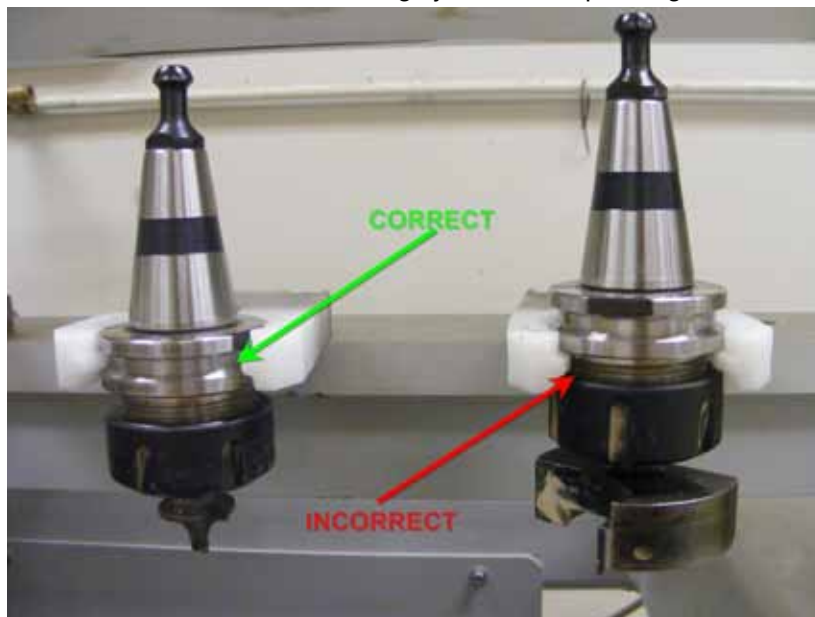
**ONLY USE TOOLHOLDERS,  
COLLET NUTS AND TOOLS  
THAT ARE BALANCED TO  
MEET OR EXCEED THE MAX  
RATED SPEED OF  
THE SPINDLE.**





### 1.3.5 Tool Stand Diagram - Proper Placement

Read these instructions thoroughly BEFORE operating machine.



### 1.3.6 — HSD Spindle Warmup

Read these instructions thoroughly BEFORE operating machine.

#### USE AND ADJUSTMENT PREHEATING

HSD S.p.A. uses high-precision angular contact bearing pairs, pre-loaded and lubricated for life with special grease for high speeds.

When the machine is switched on for the first time every day, allow the electrospindle to perform a brief preheating cycle in order to allow the bearings to gradually attain a uniform operating temperature, and hence to obtain a uniform expansion of the bearing races and the correct preload and rigidity.



The following cycle is recommended, without machining operations:

- 50 % of the maximum rated speed for 2 minutes.
- 75 % of the maximum rated speed for 2 minutes.
- 100 % of the maximum rated speed for 1 minute.

The preheating cycle should also be performed every time that the machine is inoperative long enough for the electrospindle to cool down to room temperature.



Only for HSK versions:  
it is forbidden to run the electrospindle without the tool-holder inserted.



While the machine is operating, the spindle can reach high temperatures. Be very careful not to touch it without due precautions.



**WARNING: Ensure that all electrical connections are carried out by a qualified electrician. Improper electrical connections can result in damage to the equipment, fire and death.**

## 1.4 Electrical and Pneumatic connections.

The Techno Venture series machine is powered by three phase 220 volts. The amperage requirements for this machine are 40 amps.

### 1.4.1

When the machine has been unpacked, it will be necessary to attach the keyboard shelf to the front of the machine.

When the shelf is in place, lead the mouse and keyboard cables through the small hole in the front of the machine. Plug the cables into an available USB connection on the PC.

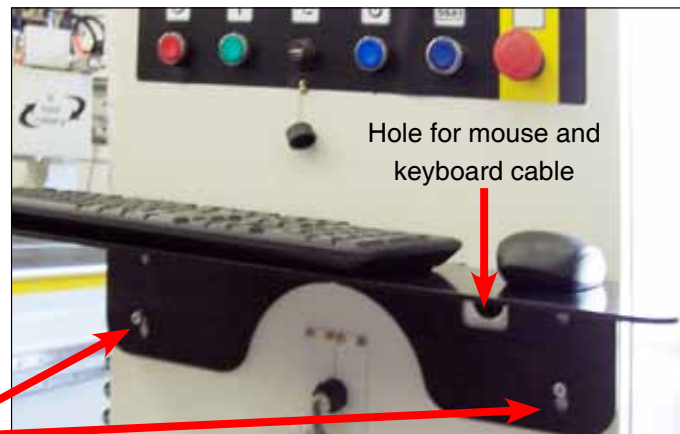


Fig 1.4.1

Screws to attach shelf

### Fig 1.4.2



### 1.4.2

All the electronics for the Venture machine are located in the housing cabinet. Do not open these doors when power is applied to the machine.

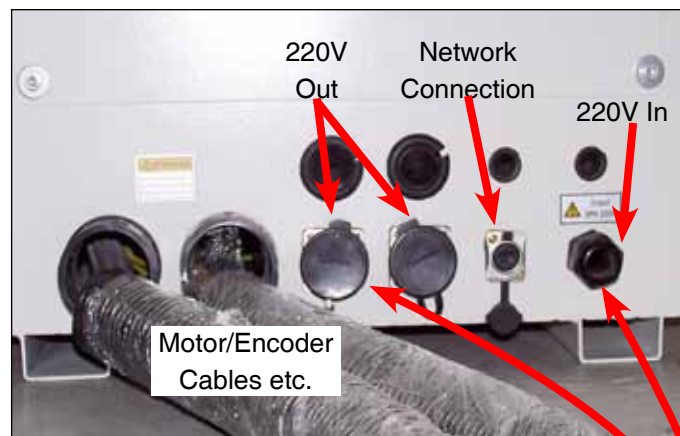


Fig 1.4.3.

### 1.4.3

There are two rounded connectors on the side of the controller, these connectors provide 220 volts for the vacuum pump starter contactors.

Lead the cable for 3 phase 220 volts through the hole on the bottom of the cabinet.



**WARNING: Ensure that all electrical connections are carried out by a qualified electrician. Improper electrical connections can result in damage to the equipment, fire and death.**

#### 1.4.4

Attach the three phases and the earth to the connections shown in fig 1.4.4.

**3 phase  
220V in**



Fig 1.4.4.

#### 1.4.5

Various components on the machine require air pressure. 90psi of air needs to be supplied to the machine for it to function correctly.

Attach an air hose to the air input on the back of the machine. See fig 1.4.5.

If your shop hose does not fit the adaptor supplied, the adaptor can be removed and a suitable one attached.

The threading on the machine is standard 3/8 female. A male threaded 3/8 fitting to attach to your factory air hose can be purchased at most hardware stores.

**90 psi in**



Fig 1.4.5.



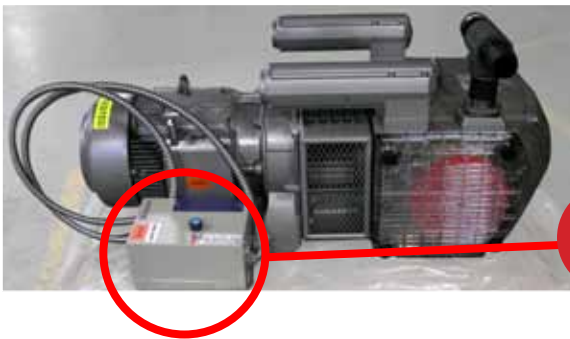


**WARNING: Direction of Rotation is critical.**  
**Briefly start motion and check rotation (arrow on casing).**  
**Exchange phases if rotation is incorrect.**  
**IF YOU RUN THE PUMP/BLOWER CONTINUOUSLY IN THE**  
**WRONG DIRECTION, THE VANES WILL BE DAMAGED**

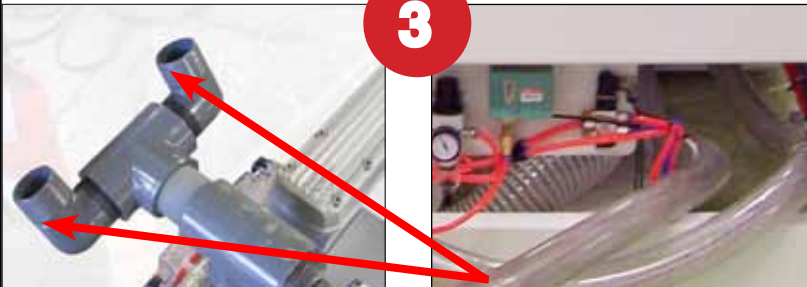
## 1.5 Vacuum Pump connections

You will need to have an electrician connect AC power (220 or 440 VAC) as specified on the unit to the motor starter.

Take the silver connector from the Starter Box and connect it to the female connector on the main electronic unit.



Attach the silver connector from the starter box here.



Attach the hoses from the machine to the T-connectors and attach them to the pump.



Turn on individual sections of the vacuum table by turning the manifold handles in the front of the machine.

**Vacuum on and off functions are controlled by the Osai controller and can only be turned on from the computer screen.**

**To test the motor, press the reset button on the starter box once all connections are made.**

## Section II: Machine Start-Up | Screen Functionality

### 2.1- Start up Procedure.

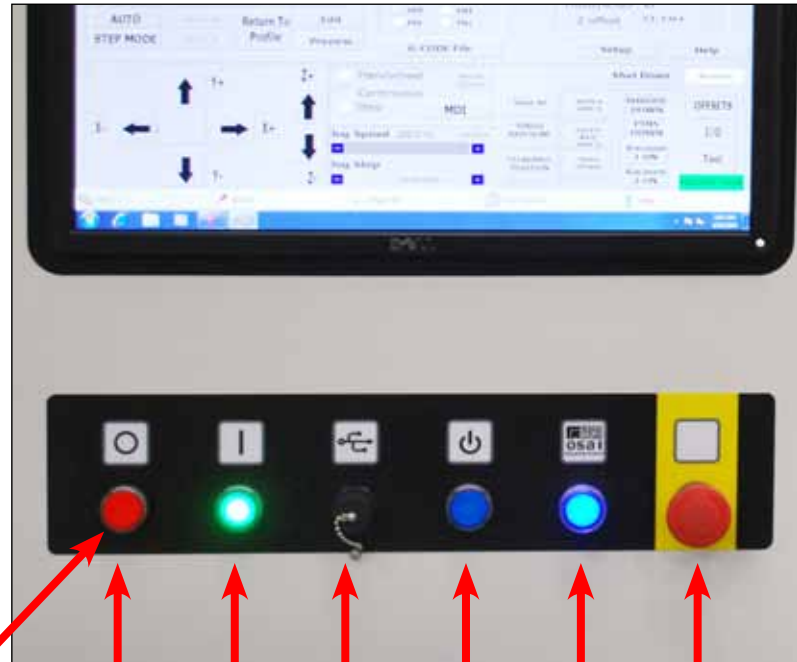
#### 2.1.1

Turn the Main power switch to the ON Position. 220 Volts should have been attached to this switch by an electrician.

Fig 2.1.1



Fig 2.1.2



#### 2.1.2

The red light on the front of the machine will light up. This indicates that 220 volts is coming into the machine.

Power  
Off

Power  
On

USB  
Port

PC  
Power  
Switch

OSAI  
Power  
Switch  
MUST  
BE ON!

E-stop:  
Turns off  
controller,  
motor and  
spindle

3

Press the Power On button to start the system.

4

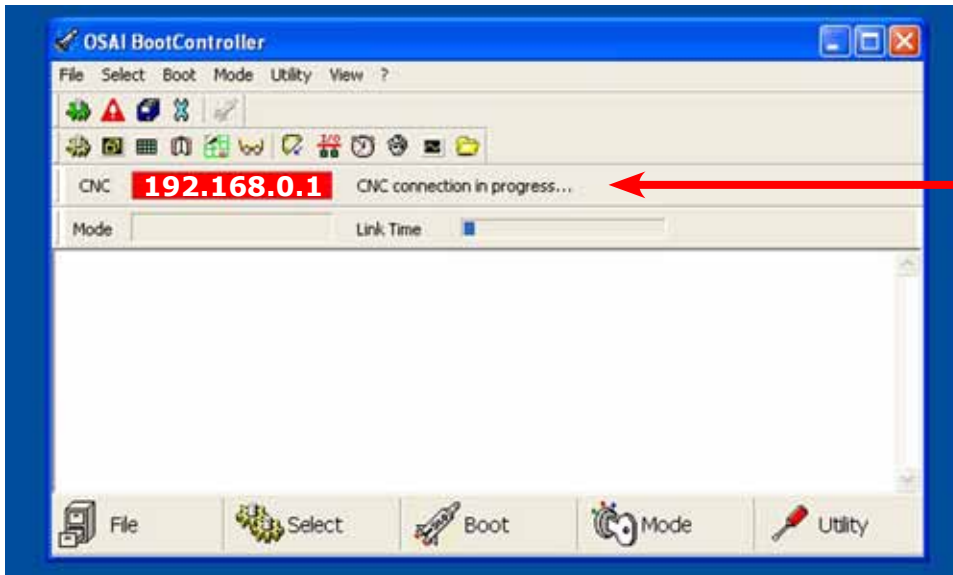
The Power on light will light up indicating that power has been applied to the controller system and the motors.

5

Press the Computer Power button to start the PC. This may only light temporarily. The PC will start to boot.

#### 2.1.4 Software start up.

Once the PC has started, the Boot Controller software will start automatically. If it does not, double click on the Boot Controller Icon (It looks like a rocket ship.) on the desktop. If no text appears in the box, after 30 seconds, check that the light for the controller is on and that the network cable from PC to Osai controller is connected. If no connection occurs, see the Fault Finding section in the Appendix.

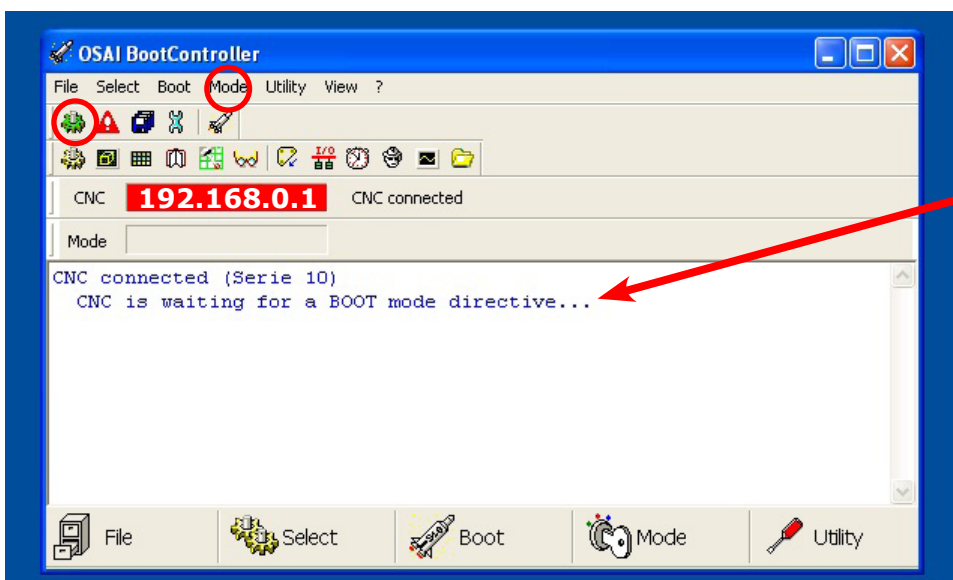


Boot controller  
loaded and  
connecting to  
machine

If the machine is starting  
from a fresh PC boot,  
then Normal mode will  
automatically be selected.

If the Boot Controller does not start after a minute and the **message CNC is waiting for a BOOT mode directive appears on the screen**, then normal mode needs to be selected.

Click on the Mode Icon and select Normal. \*



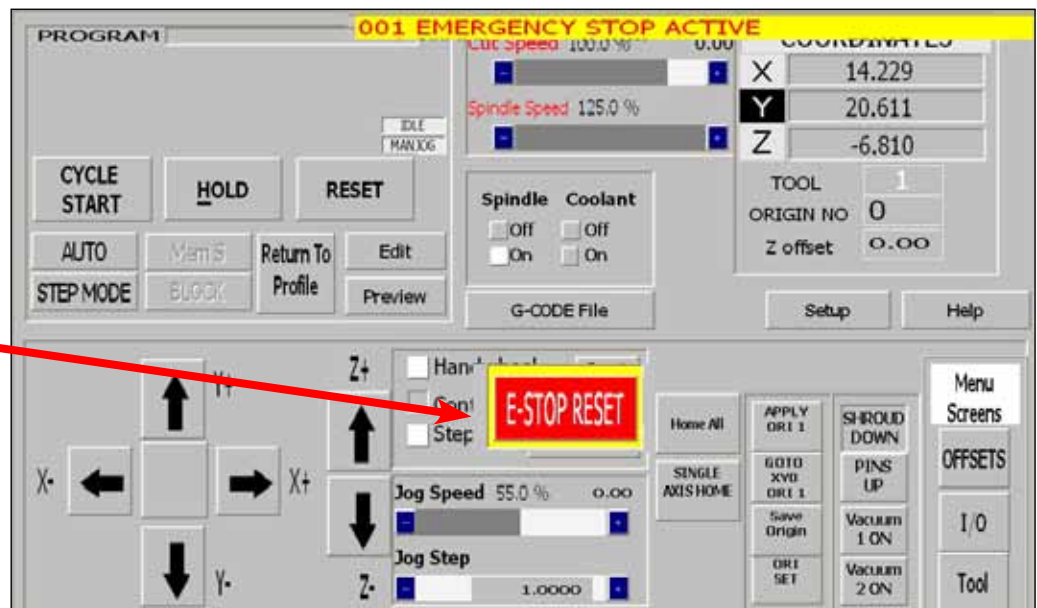
Controller is waiting  
for a mode.

\* Otherwise, it will  
automatically go into  
normal mode after a few  
seconds.

**2.1.5 Interface Starts:**

The Techno interface screen will now open. There will be a warning message saying **Emergency Stop Active**.

Click on the **E-stop Reset** Button to remove this warning.



The **Axis not referenced** error will appear.

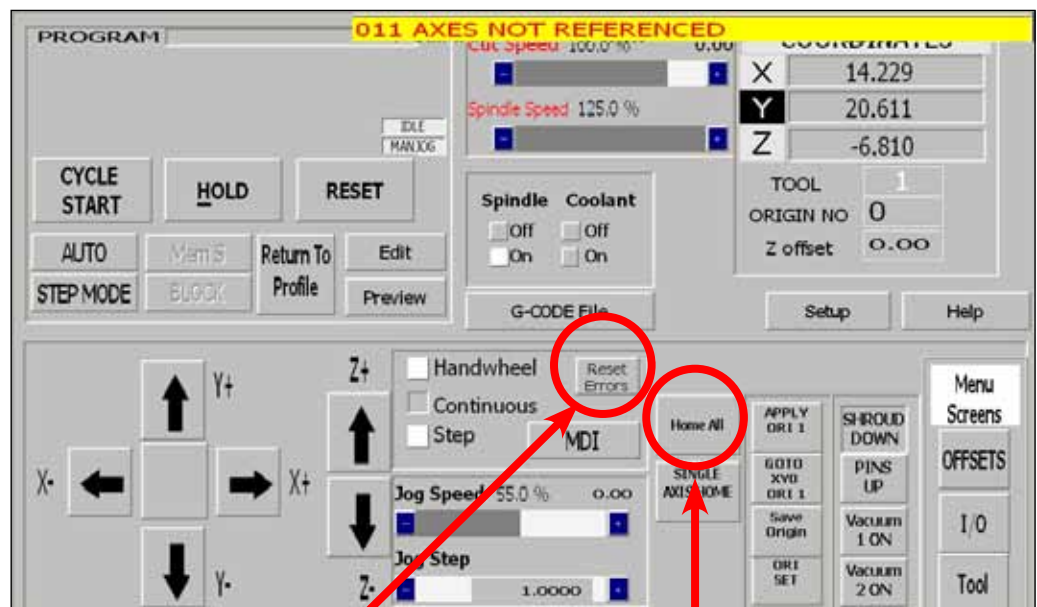
Click on "**Home All**" and all the axes will move to their home position. If any errors remain on the screen (i.e. Low Air Pressure,) rectify the problem and click on "**Reset Errors**" or "**RESET**" to remove the message.

The machine is now ready to be jogged.

**Note:** Pressing **Home All** will move the machine to the front left corner of the table.

This must be done every time the machine boots up.

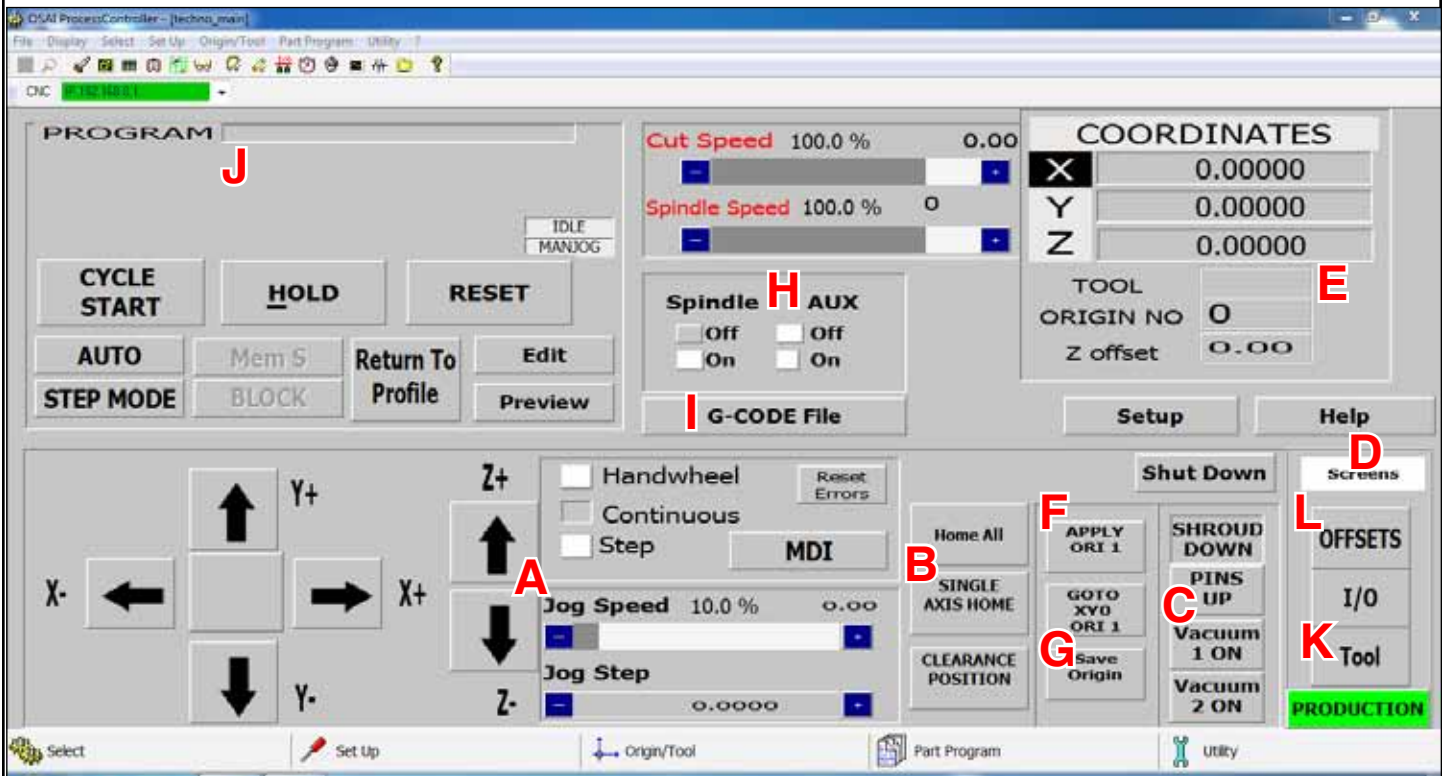
Once the machine is in the Home position, it has a reference point from which it can pick up tools and locate offsets.



Reset Errors

Home All

## 2.2 Screen Callouts



Above is the main screen of the Techno Venture interface.

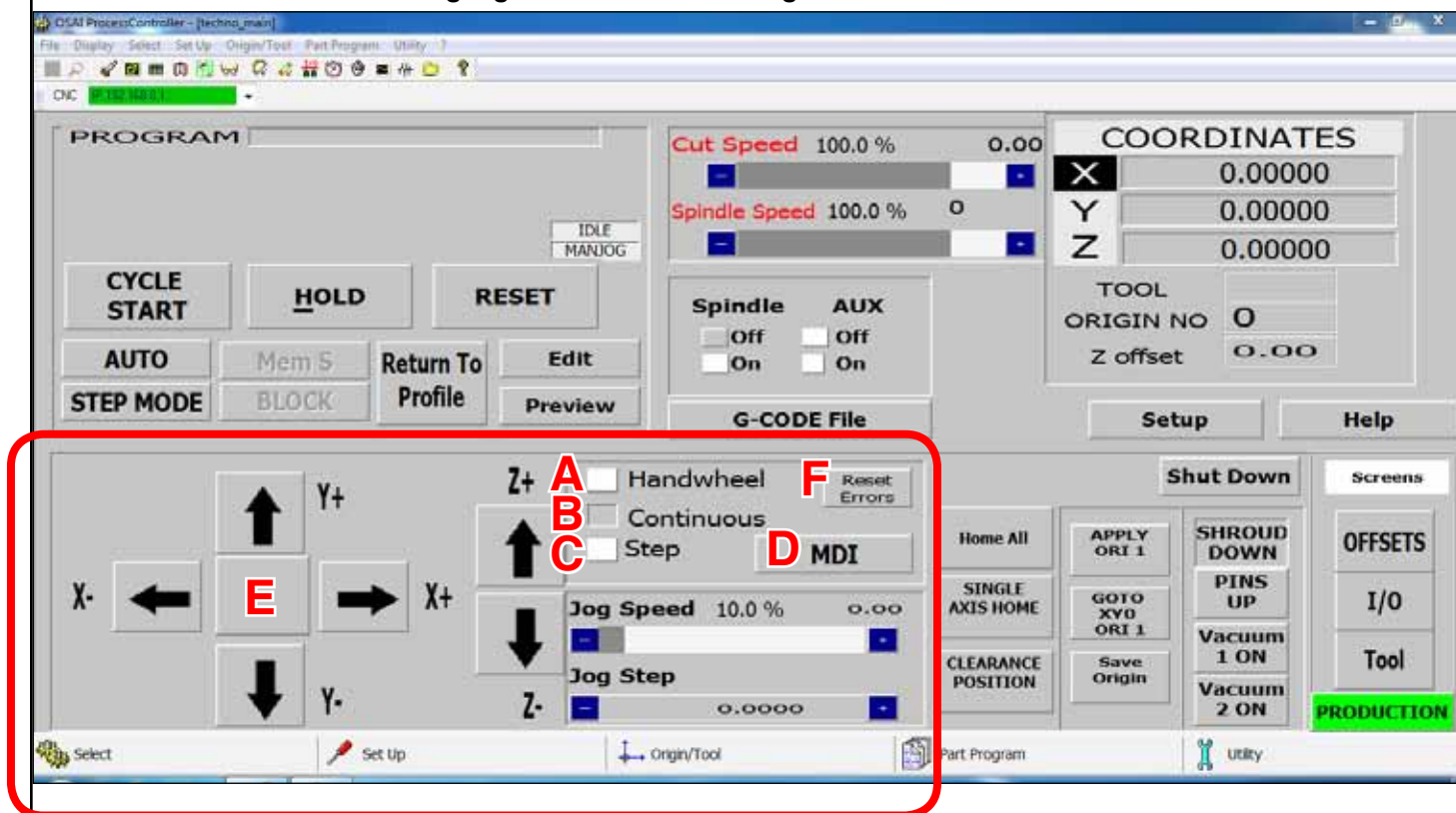
To help understand the functions of the buttons they will be broken down into the following categories.

- A- Jogging functions.**
- B-Homing Functions.**
- C-Pneumatic and Electrical Controls.**
- D-Menu Systems.**
- E-Coordinate Systems.**
- F-Origin Functions.**
- G-Save Origin Menu**
- H-Spindle and Coolant control.**
- I-Load G-code File.**
- J-Program Functions.**
- K-Tool Menu**
- L-Offset Menu.**



## A-Jogging Functions

The sections highlighted below are the Jog controls of the interface.



The machine will not move unless a jog mode is selected. Click on the button beside the text to select a mode.

### A - Handwheel:

In this mode, the machine will operate via the MPG/Handwheel. Please see Handwheel operation for more information. All other functions are disabled when this is active.

### B - Continuous:

Also, known as Jog Mode. The machine will move smoothly and continuously when the user clicks on the directional arrow associated with each axis. Speed is controlled by Jog speed and is a percentage of the max jog speed-800 ipm for manual jog mode.

### C - Step:

Also, known as Incremental Jog Mode. The machine will move by an exact amount, as specified by Jog Step variable when the arrow button is held down with left click.

### D - MDI:

Manual Data Input, this feature allows the user to manually enter and execute a line of G-code.

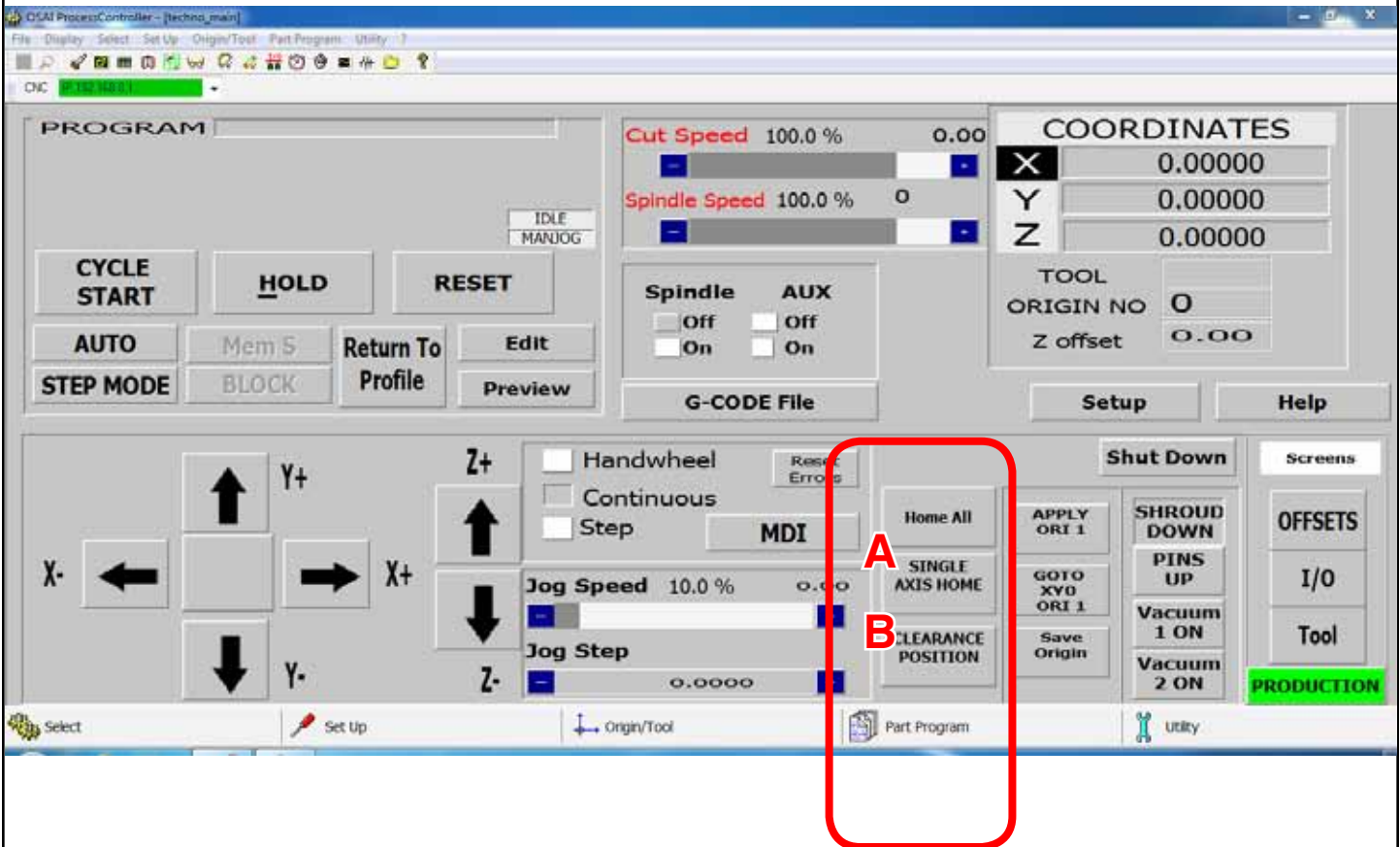
### E - Jogging Arrows:

By left clicking on these arrows the machine will move in the corresponding direction. These arrows are only functional if Continuous or Step mode is active.

**F - Reset Errors:** This will remove any warning/error messages that appear on the screen.

## B-Homing Functions

The sections highlighted below are the Homing Functions of the interface.



### A - Home All:

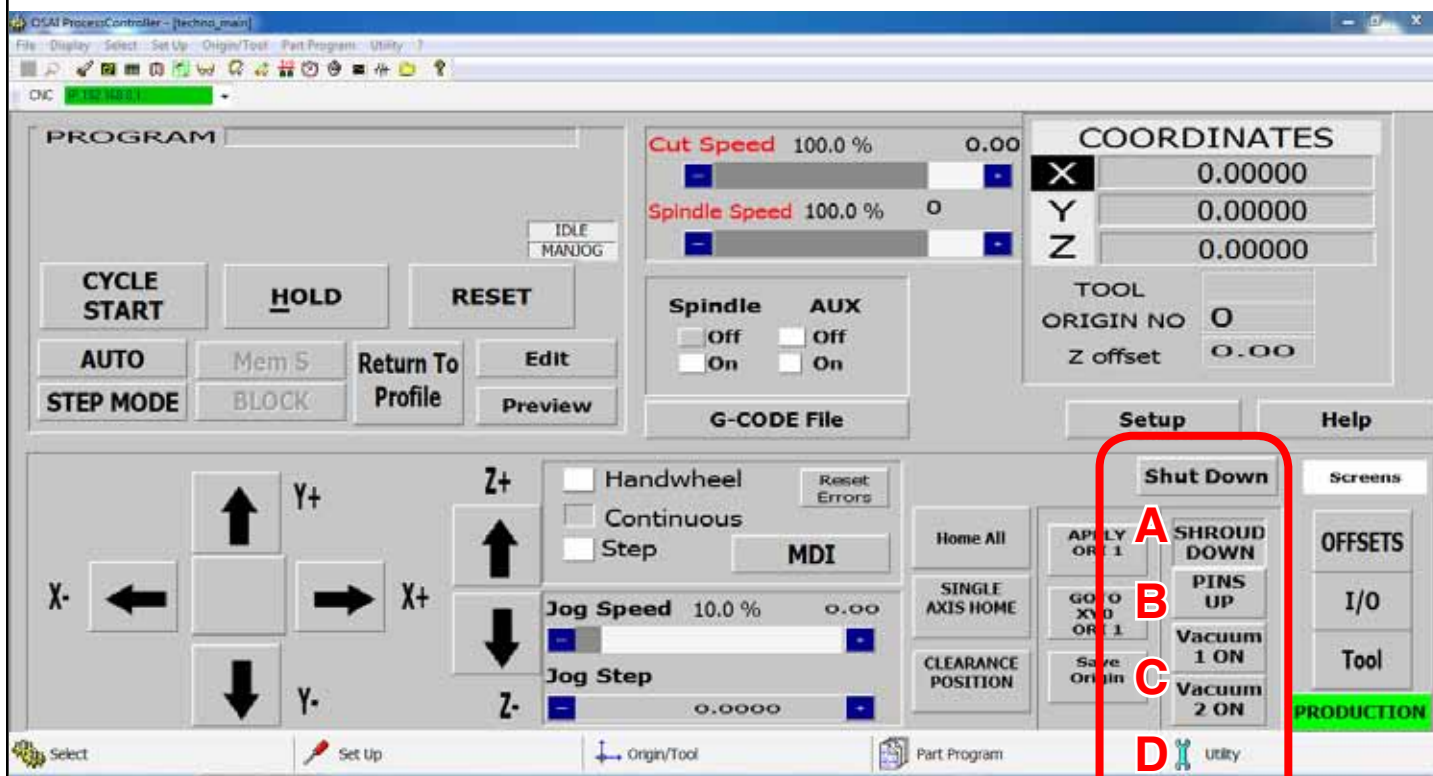
Sends the machine to the home position. (Absolute XYZ = 0). The Z axis will first move up to its limit, then the X and Y axes will move simultaneously.

### B - SINGLE AXIS HOME:

When this button is left clicked, each axis can be homed separately. When the button is active, the user then clicks on the arrow key for the axis to be homed to enable the operation.

## C-Pneumatic and Electrical Controls

The sections highlighted below are the buttons that control the pneumatic and electrical outputs for the controller.

**A - Shroud Down:**

This button will raise or lower the dust shroud on the spindle.

**B - Pins Up:**

This button will raise or lower the pop-up pins on the sides of the table.

**C - Vacuum 1 On:**

This button will turn Vacuum 1 on, if it is connected.

**D - Vacuum 2 On:**

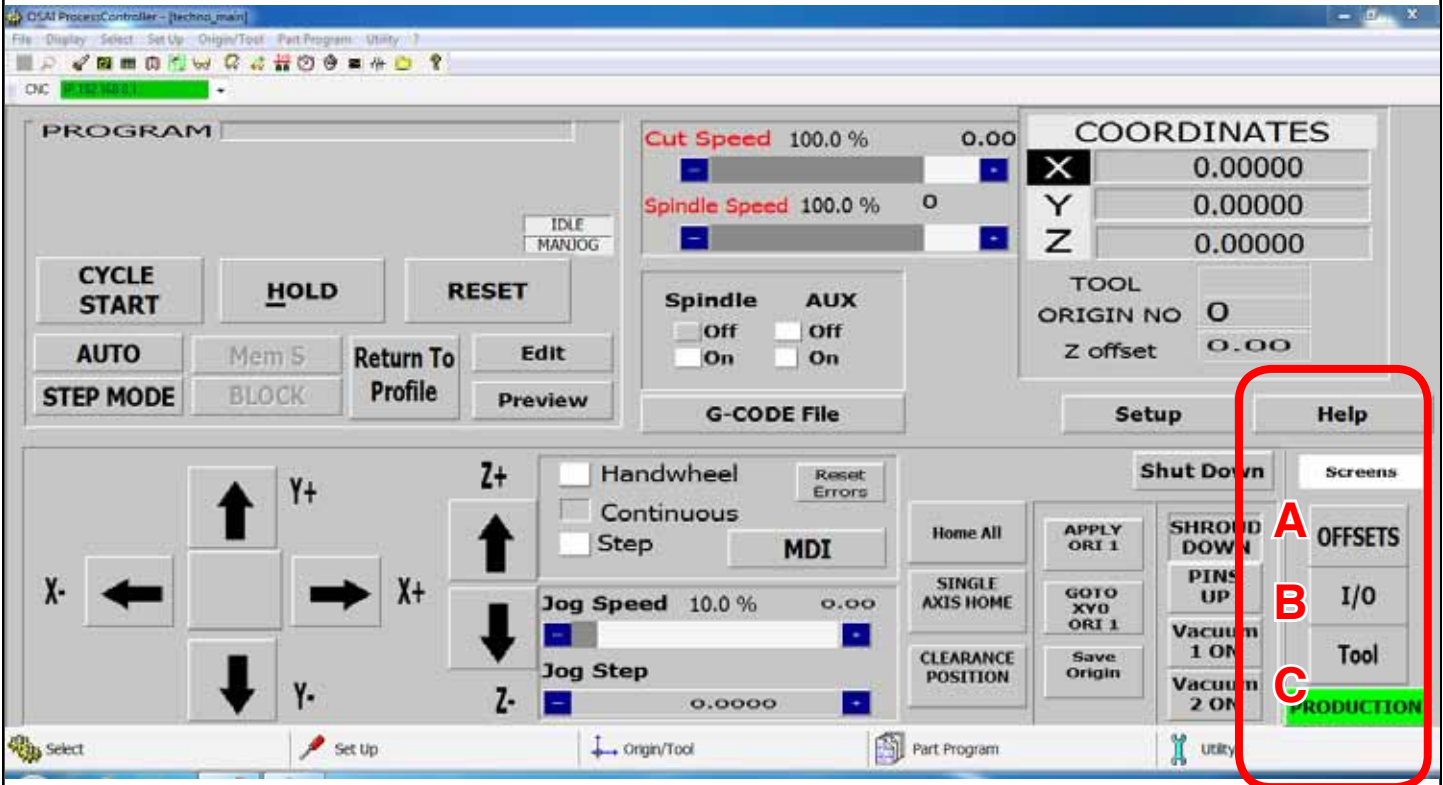
This button will turn Vacuum 2 on, if it is connected.

Shroud Down and Pins Up will only function if 90 lbs. of compressed air connected to the machine

Vacuum 1 and 2 send 220 volts to the starter coil of the vacuum pump, thus activating the pump.

## D-Menu Screens

The sections highlighted below are the Menu Screen options of the interface. The user can switch to these screens by clicking on the corresponding button.



### A - Offsets:

Opens the Offset Menu. In this menu the user can save multiple offsets/origins and apply them to the coordinate system.

### B - I/O:

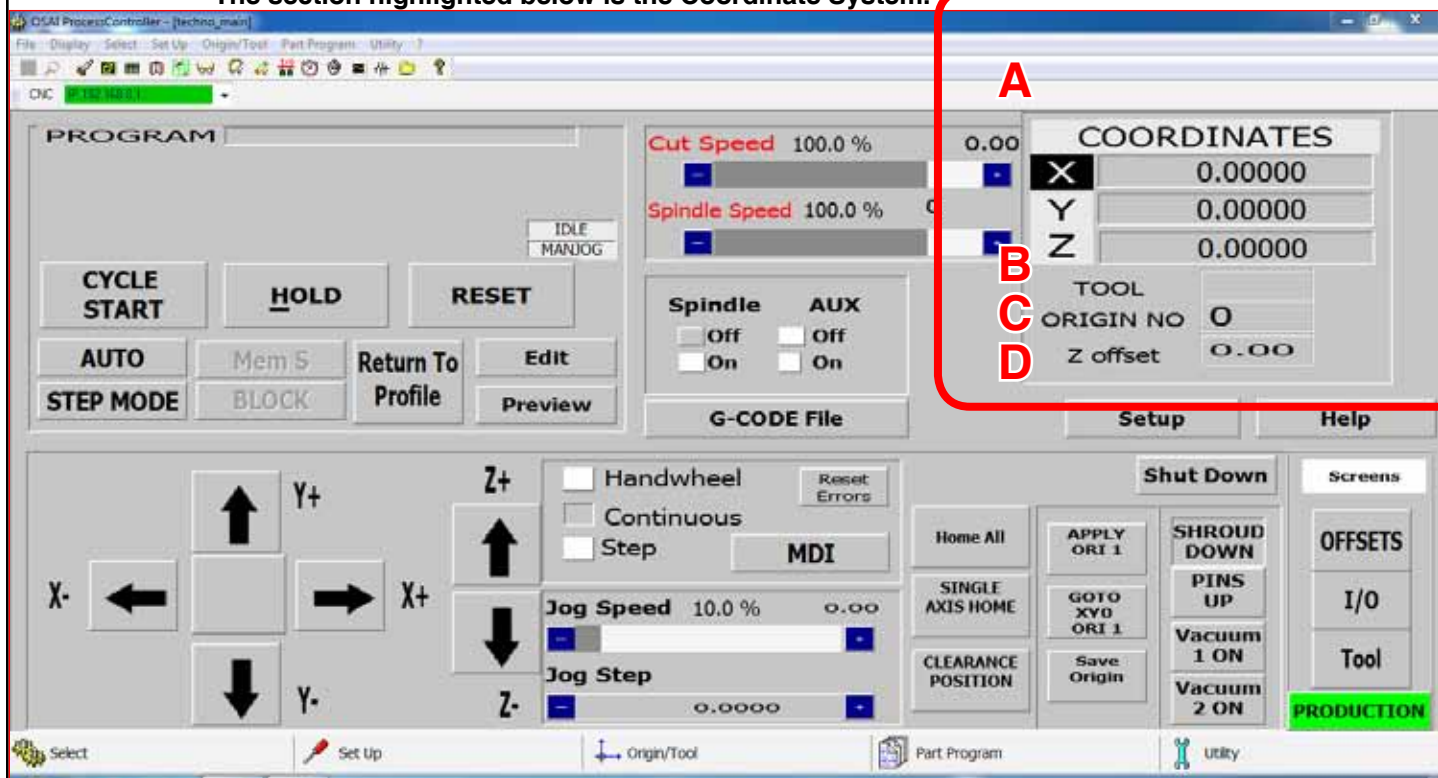
Opens the Input and Output screen diagnostics. These screens will show the states of the inputs and outputs.

### C - Tool:

Opens the Tool Menu. In this menu the user can store tool lengths and change tool numbers.

## E-Coordinate System

The section highlighted below is the Coordinate System.



### A - XYZ Coordinates:

This displays the location of the machine. If the Origin No is zero, the numbers displayed are the distance from the Home position (Absolute XYZ = 0). If there is an Origin Number active, the numbers displayed are the distance from that origin's zero position.

### B - Tool:

This displays the tool that is currently in the spindle. If the number reads a single digit then there is no offset applied to that tool at this time. When the Tool displays 1.1, or 2.2, or 5.5 etc then the Z-offset is active. The Z-offset needs to be active when setting the origin.

### C - Origin No:

This displays the active origin/ coordinate system. When it reads 0, no origin is active and the coordinate system displayed is the from the Home position. The system is setup to accommodate 8 origins, but many more can be made available.

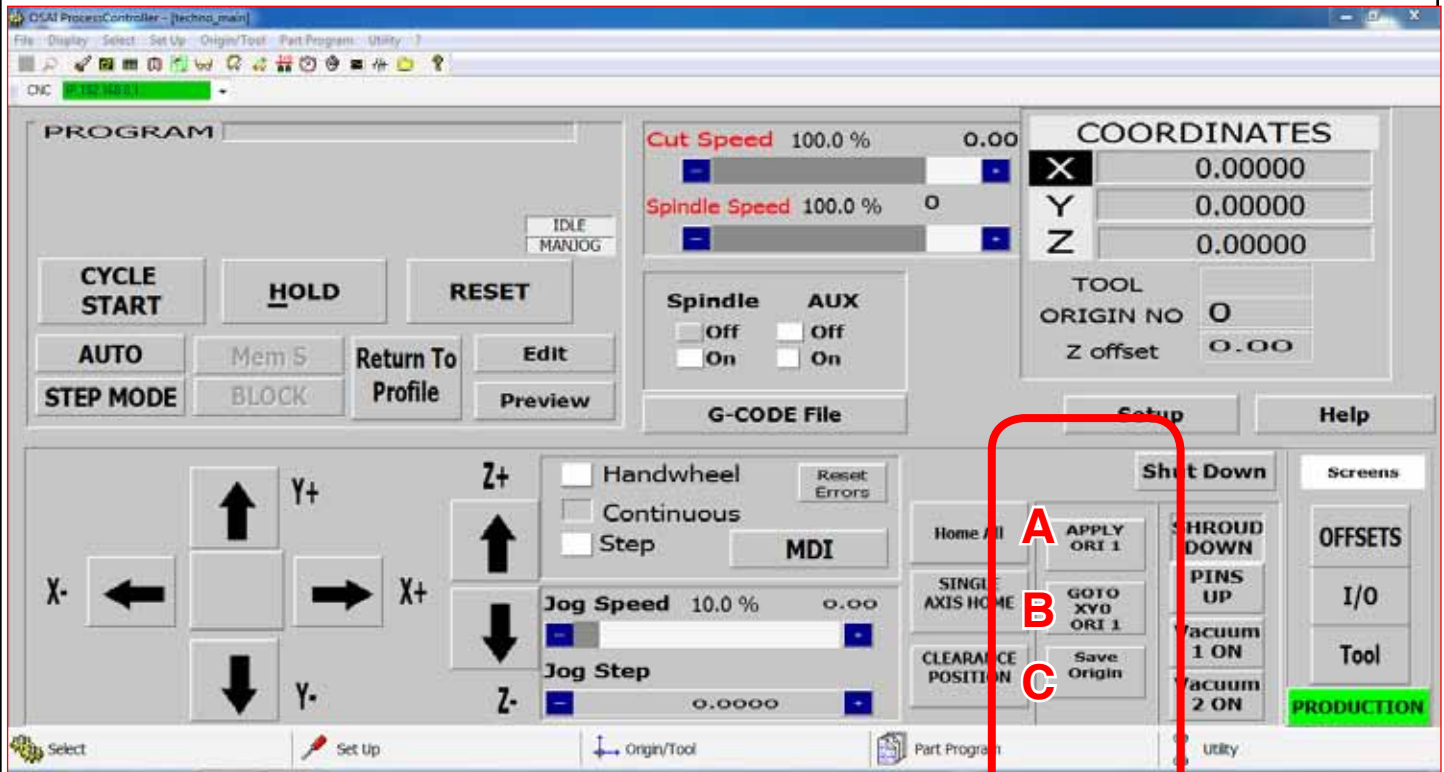
### D - Z Offset:

This is the amount of Z-offset being applied to the tool. Z-offset is the distance from the home position and it is set in the Tool menu using the tool calibration block.



## F-Origin Functions

The sections highlighted below contain the Origin functions of the interface.



### A - APPLY ORI 1:

Left clicking on this button activates Origin 1 for the coordinate system.

### B - GO TO XY0 ORI 1:

Left clicking on this button moves the Z axis to the home position and the XY axes to the X-zero, Y-zero for Origin 1. (XY=0)

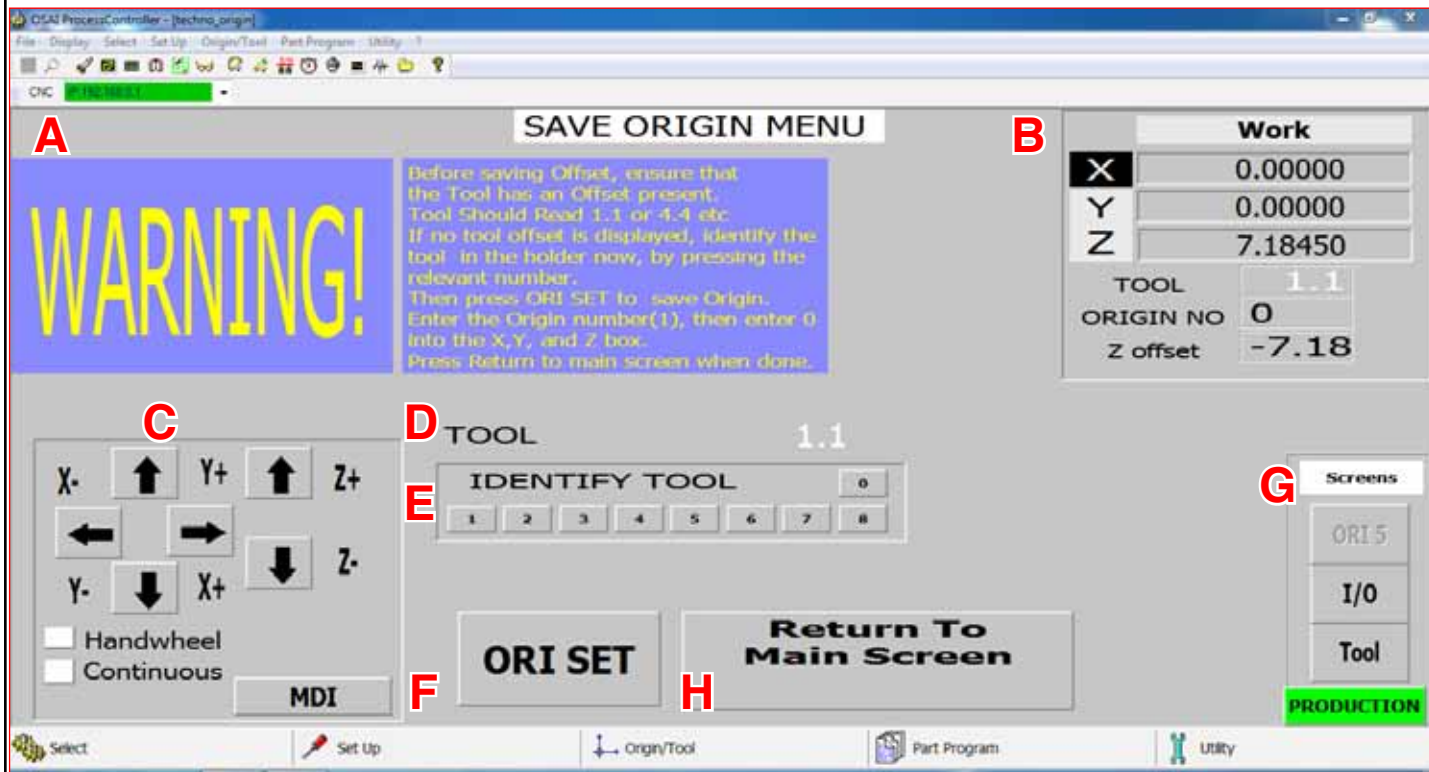
### C - Save Origin:

Left clicking on this button opens the Save Origin Screen Safe Mode Option. In this screen the user can save the position of the machine as the Origin. This is where the user sets XYZ zero. This Safe Mode Option will provide additional warnings and opportunities for the user ensure that the origin is saved correctly.

Origin can also  
be called the XYZ  
zero point.

## G-Save Origin Menu

When the Save Origin button is clicked on the main screen, this screen will open. This screen provides a reminder to identify the tool in the tool holder before saving an origin.



### A - Warning Message:

This gives the user instructions on how to save an origin correctly.

### B - Coordinate System:

This displays the coordinate system, as explained in Section E.

### C - Jog Functions:

This is a minimized version of the jog functions, as explained in Section A.

### D - Tool:

This displays the Tool Number. It should read 1.1, or 2.2, or 6.6 etc, indicating that an offset is applied.

### E - Identify Tool:

Left clicking on one of these buttons will apply the offset to the Tool number, or rename / reidentify at tool.

### F - Ori Set:

Will open the Origin Preset Screen where the user will enter the Origin number to be saved and set XYZ to zero.

### G - Menu Screen:

Changes the screen.

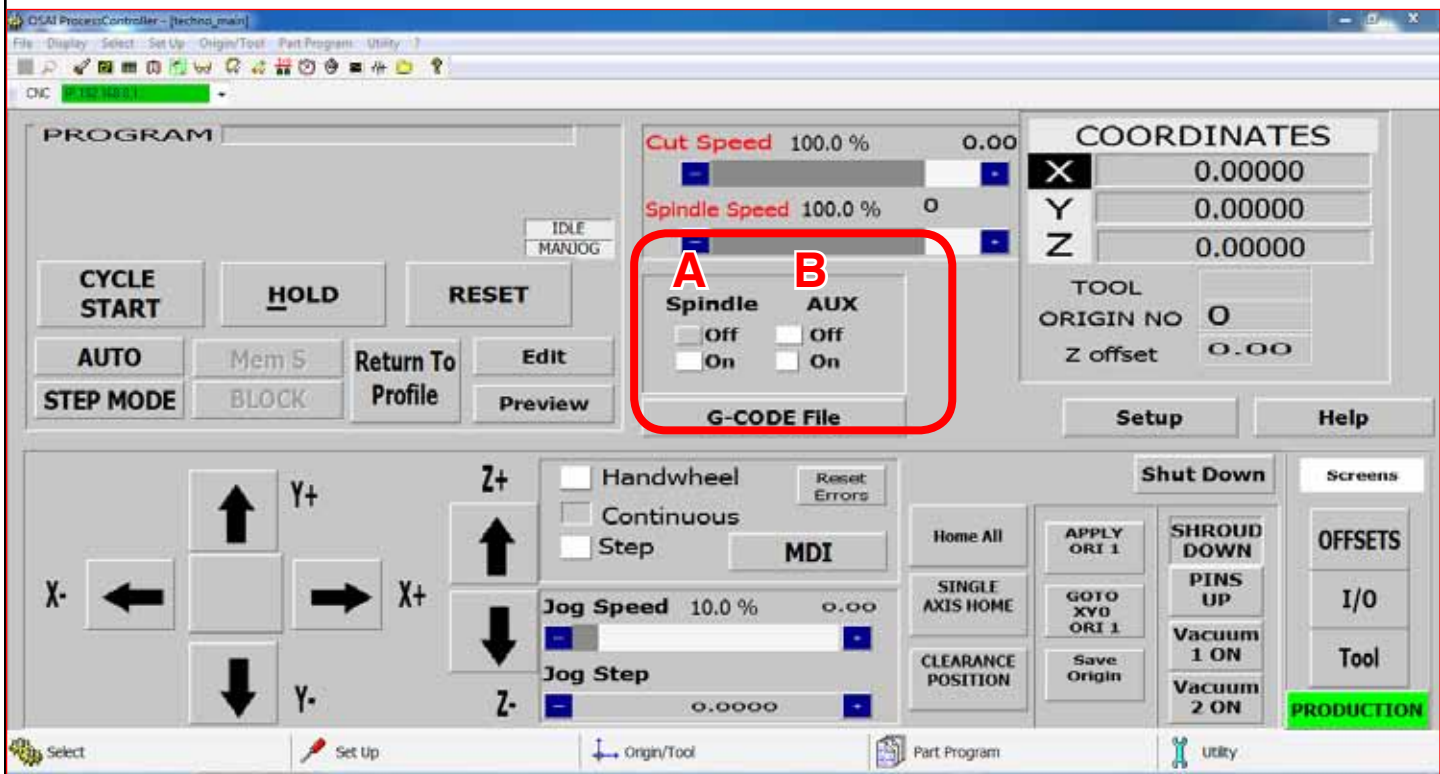
### H - Return to Main Screen:

Once the Origin has been set, left clicking on this button will return to the main screen.

This screen gives the user an opportunity to identify the tool in the holder.

## H-Spindle and Coolant Control

The section highlighted below allows manual control on the Spindle and Coolant.



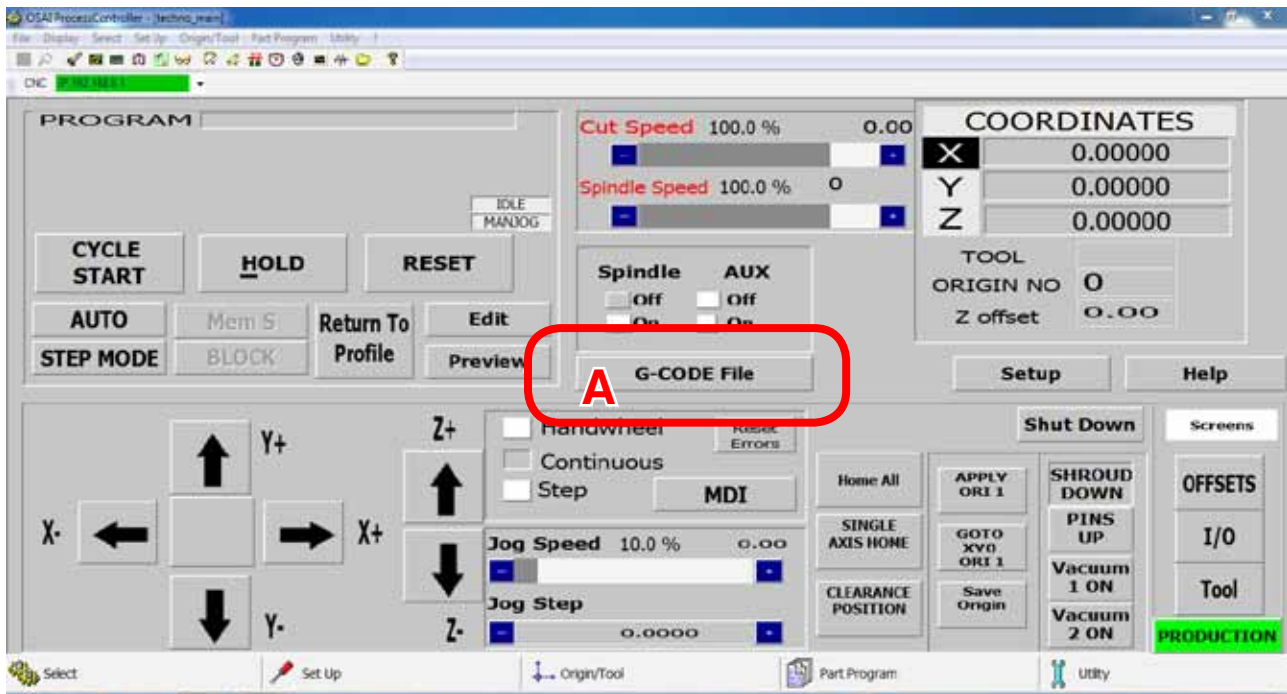
### A-Spindle On/Off :

Pressing the button beside On will turn the spindle on, pressing the button beside Off will turn the spindle off @ rpm of 6000.

### B-AUX On/Off :

Pressing the button beside On will turn the coolant on, pressing the button beside Off will turn the coolant off. (It will do nothing if the system does not have a coolant.)

## I-Load G-Code File

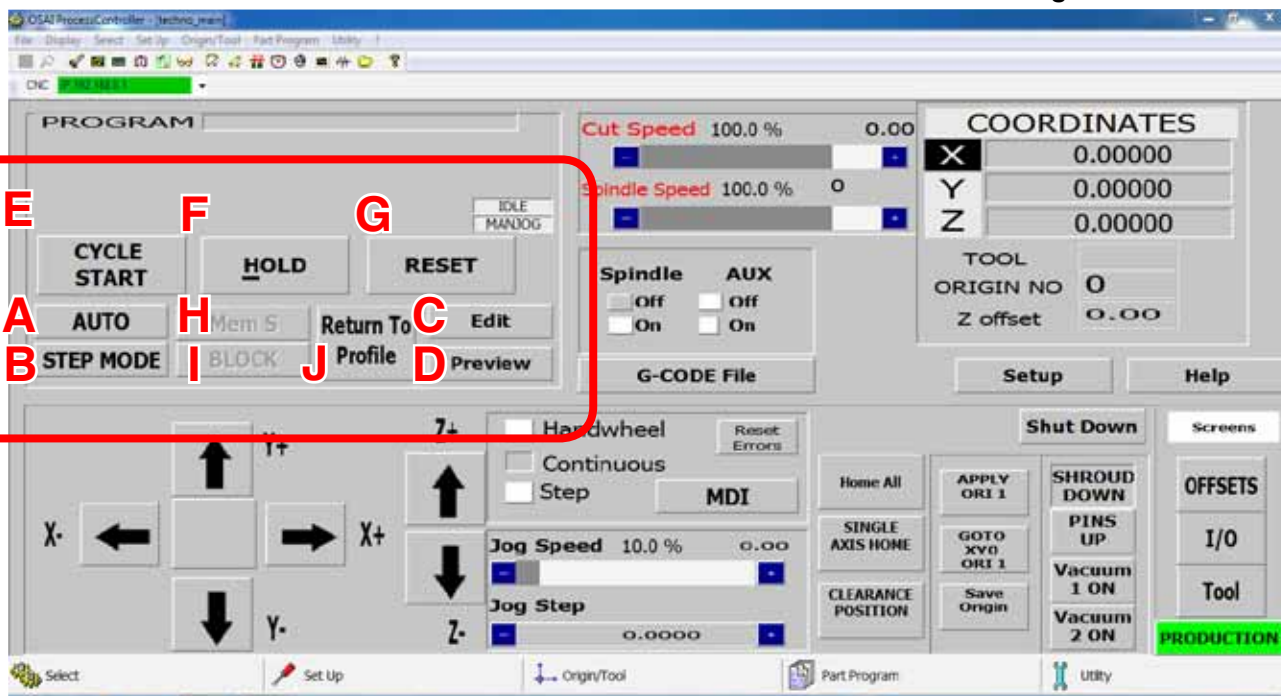


### A - G-code File:

Pressing this button will open the G-code file folder, allowing the user to activate or deactivate a G-code file.

## J-Program Functions

The section highlighted below contains the program functions that are used when running a G-code file.



**A - AUTO:** When this button is active, the G-code file will run in continuous mode.

**B - STEP MODE:** When this button active, the G-code file will run in Step mode.

**C - Edit:** Left clicking on this button will open the file directory allowing the user to edit the files in a text editor.

**D - Preview:** Left clicking on this button will open the file directory allowing the user to preview the G-code file in the Techno Previewer.

**E - CYCLE START:** Pressing this button will start the active G-code file, in either Step or Auto mode. If no mode is selected then nothing will happen. Cycle start will also carry out commands in MDI mode.

**F - HOLD:** Pressing this button will pause the operation that is in progress. Releasing hold and pressing Cycle Start will continue the operation.

**G - RESET:** Pressing this button will abort the operation that is in progress. Reset will clear the Tool, origin and file settings.

**H - Mem S:** This button will search the G-code file to find the point where the last Reset occurred. Then the file can be started from this point.

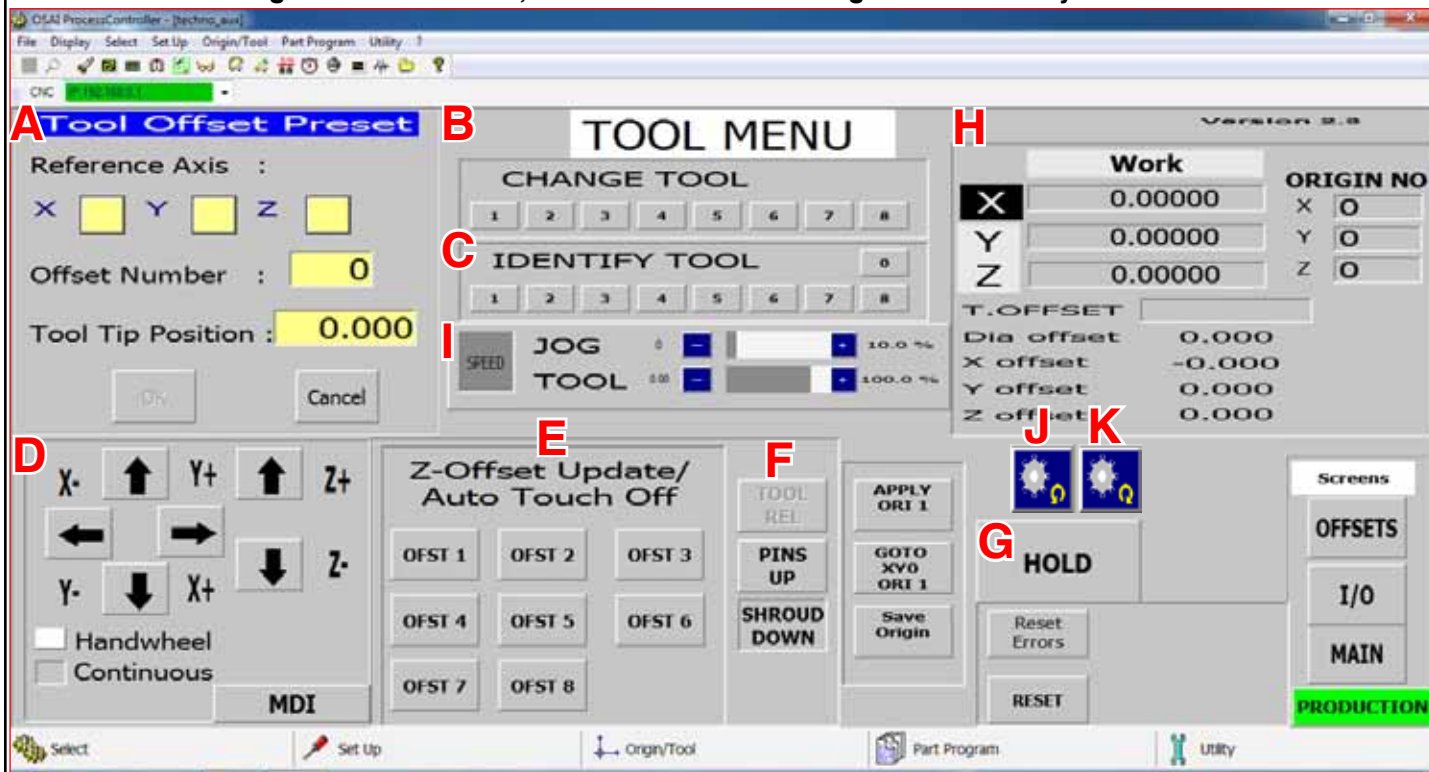
**I - BLOCK:** This button will open the block window, allowing the user to select a specific block of G-code to run. ie N400 to N1200.

**J - Return To Profile:** If the machine is jogged off the part during Hold, it will need to return the point it was in on the G-code file if you want to continue the operation. Left clicking this button and then holding down the directional arrow for each axis will move the machine back to the correct position. Left clicking this button will pause whatever action is taking place.



## K-Tool Menu

When Tool is clicked on the main menu, the screen below will open up. In this screen tool lengths can be learned, tools identified and changed automatically.



### A - Tool Offset Preset:

This section allows the user to manually enter tool offsets.

### B - CHANGE TOOL:

Left clicking on one of these buttons will make the machine pick up the corresponding tool number.

### C - IDENTIFY TOOL:

Left clicking on one of these buttons will change the tool number on the screen and apply the Z-Offset.

### D - Jog Functions:

This is a minimized version of the regular jog functions.

### E - Z-Offset Update:

Pressing one of these buttons will cause the Tool to move down until it touches the Tool Calibration Block, and then it will store the Z-offset for that tool number.

### F - Pneumatic Controls:

This section controls dust shroud, chuck control and pop up pins.

### G - HOLD:

Pressing hold during a tool change will cause the operation to be aborted.

### H - Coordinates System:

This displays the system coordinates and active origin, etc.

### I - SPEED:

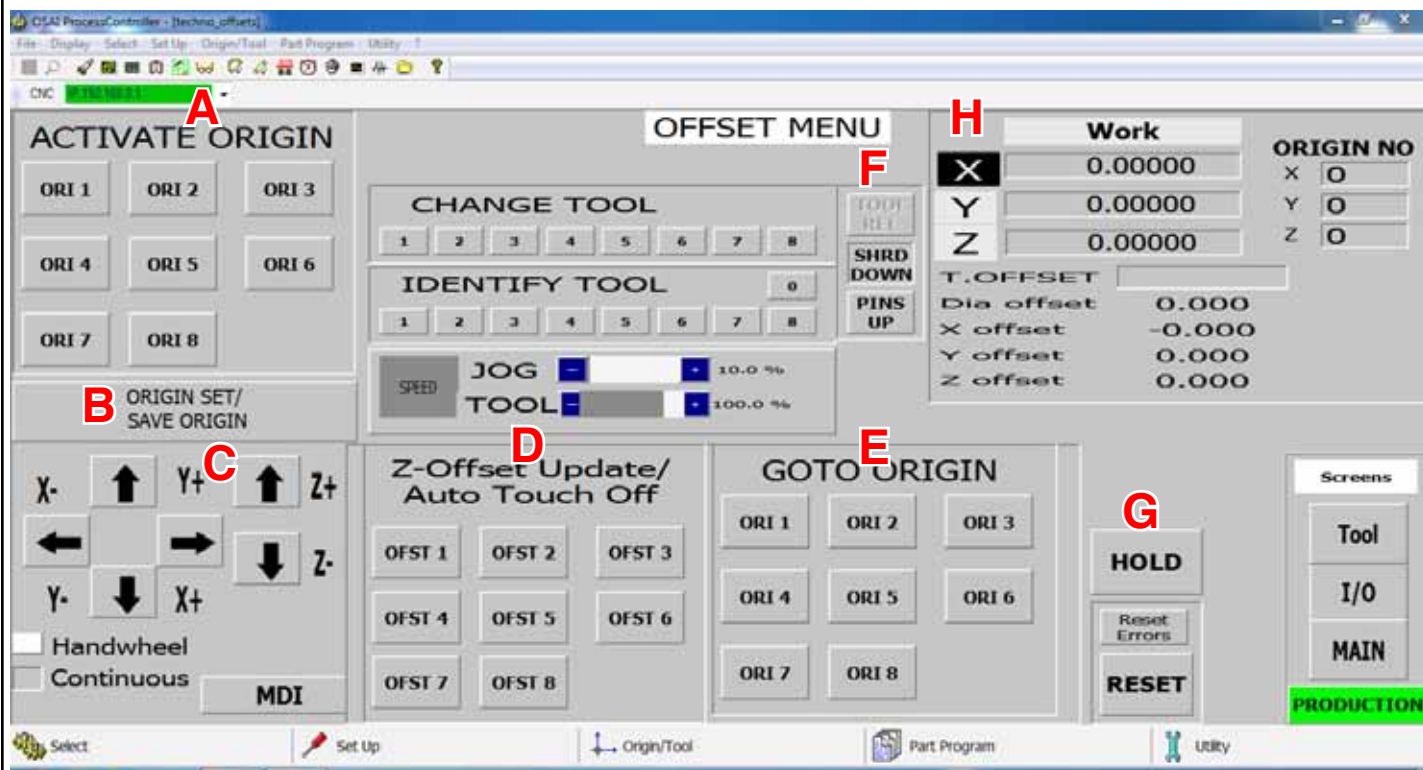
Jog speed, and speed the machine moves when changing tools can be controlled by these settings.

**J - Rotate Tool Carousel Anti-Clockwise:** Turns the tool carousel circularly to the left.

**K - Rotate Tool Carousel Clockwise:** Turns the tool carousel circularly to the right.

## L-Offset Menu

When Offset is clicked on the main menu, the screen below will open. In this screen multiple offsets can be saved and recalled.

**A - ACTIVATE ORIGIN:**

Left clicking on these buttons will activate the corresponding Origin.

**B - ORIGIN SET/SAVE ORIGIN:** Left clicking on this will open the Origin Preset screen. This will allow the user to save the current position of the spindle in a specific origin number.

**C - Jog Functions:**

This is a minimized version of the regular jog functions.

**D - Z-offset Update:**

Pressing one of these buttons will cause the Tool to move down until it touches the Tool Calibration Block, and then it will store the Z-offset for that tool number.

**E - GOTO ORIGIN:**

Left clicking on one of these buttons will move the router to the XY zero position for that origin number. The Z axis will move to the home position.

**F - Pneumatic Controls:**

This section controls dust shroud, chuck control and pop up pins.

**G - HOLD:**

Pressing hold during an operation will cause the operation to be aborted.

**H - Coordinates System:**

This displays the system coordinates and active origin, etc.

## Section 2.3 File System | Network System

The PC is connected to the OSAI controller by an ethernet cable.

The Techno interface communicates in real time with the OSAI controller via the ethernet cable to allow jogging and other manual functions.

In order to run G-code files to the OSAI controller, they must be copied onto the OSAI controllers hard drive.

The OSAI controller is identified as a network drive called

**Y: OEM**

and

**X: USR**

G-code files must be copied into the Programs folder in order for the OSAI controller to locate and run them.

For convenience there is a shortcut to this folder on the desktop of the controlling PC. This folder can be called “Programs” or “G-code Files.”

In order to run a G-code file, it should first be dragged into this folder, and then accessed through the interface.

**NOTE:** The OSAI controller runs in a Linux type operating system, and subsequently file names can only be 8 characters long, and they are case sensitive.

## Section III: Operating Tutorials

### 3.1 Jogging the machine

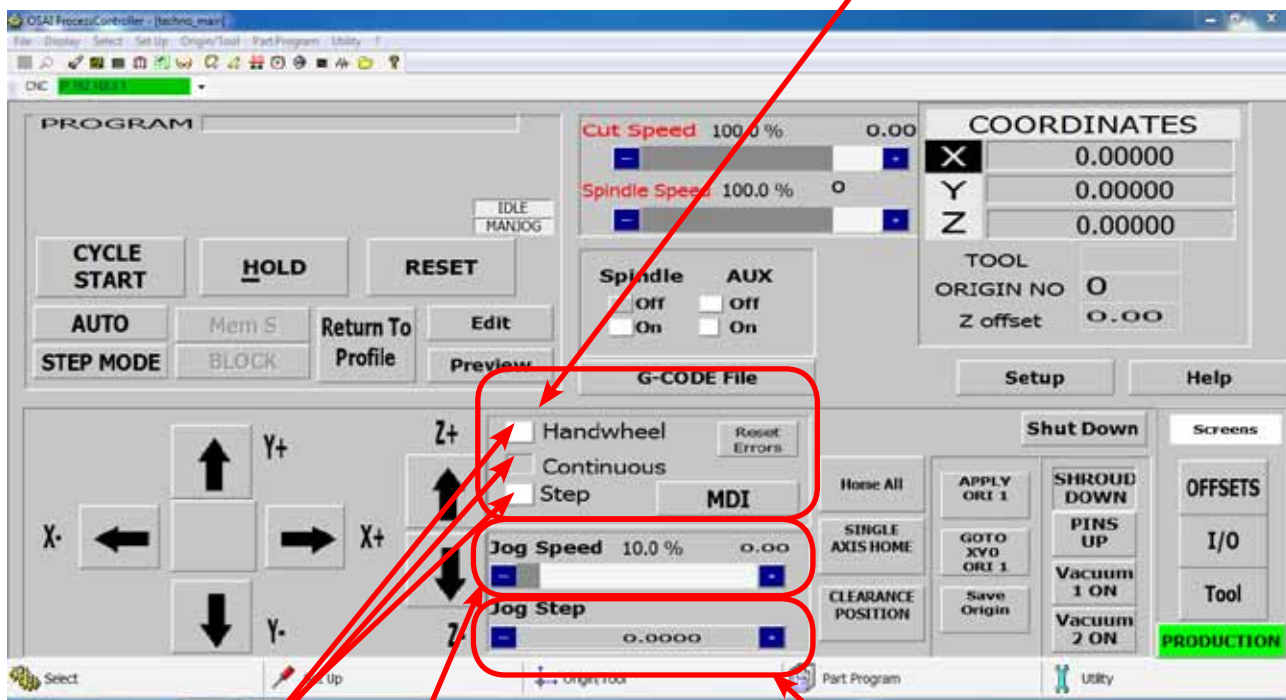
The machine has three jog modes:

- **Handwheel:**  
In which the machine is controlled by the handwheel / manual pulse generator on the side of the machine.
- **Continuous:**  
In which though fluid and smooth continuous movement the machine is controlled. Speed is controlled by the Jog Speed Bar.
- **Step:**  
Similar to continuous, however with every mouse click the machine moves a distance determined by the Jog Step Bar.

A mode **MUST** be selected in order for the machine to move. The selection box to the left of the text indicates what mode is selected.

Click on a box to enable Handwheel Control.

**Note:**  
You cannot change tools or save origins while in **Handwheel Jog Mode**.

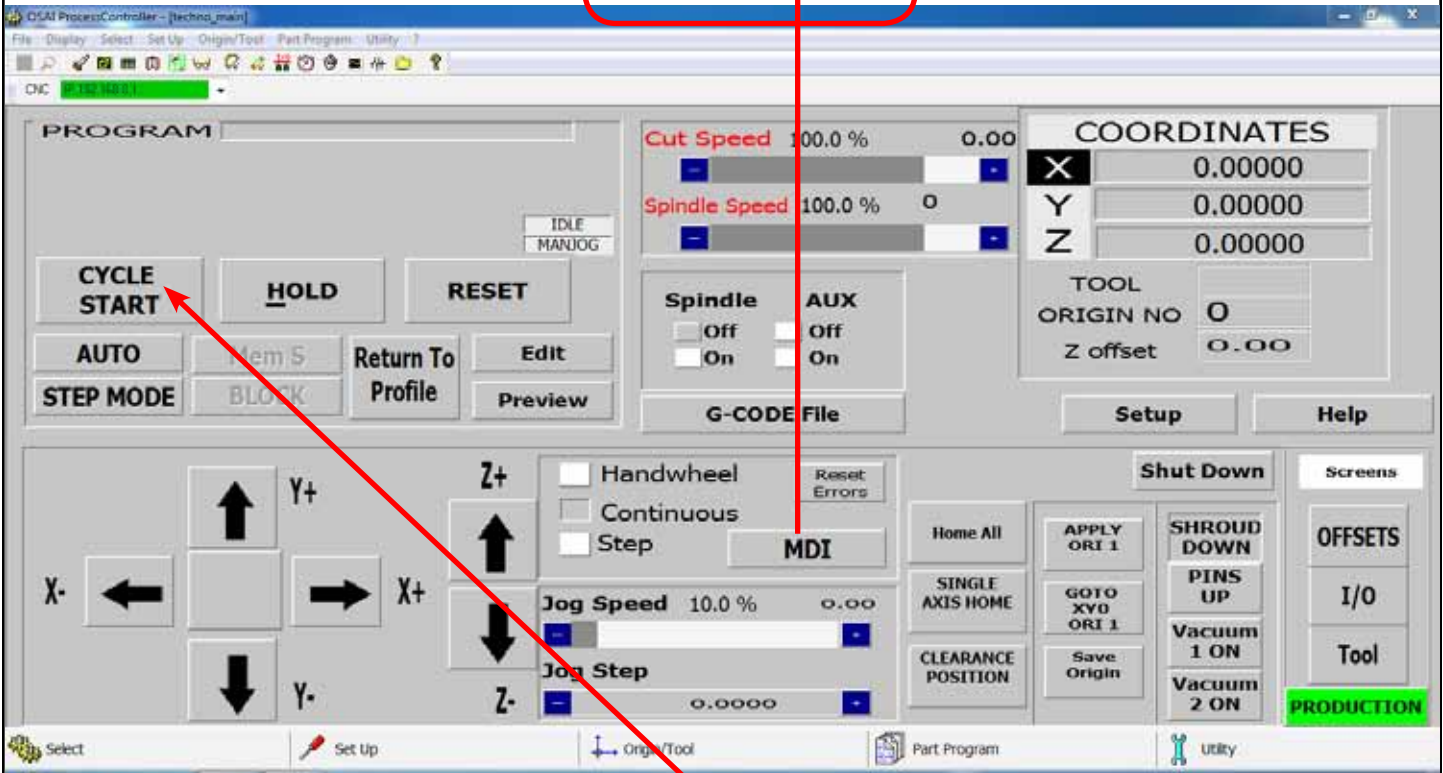


Click on the box beside the mode name to select it.

Increase (+) or decrease (-) the **Jog Speed** by pressing the (+) or (-) box. Speed is shown in % of maximum speed. Actually speed is displayed when the machine is running.

Increase or decrease the **Jog Step** by pressing the (+) or (-) box. **Step size in inches will be shown.**

**MDI mode stands for Manual Data Input.**  
Activate this mode by clicking the icon in the Jog box. **MDI**.



When this mode is selected a Test box will appear.

G-code commands can be entered in this box, then clicking **Cycle Start** will run the command.

Eg,

**G0 X10Y10** in the box then Cycle start will move the machine to X10 Y10

**M3 S18000** will turn on the spindle at a speed of 18000rpm

**M5** will turn off the spindle.

**(UAO,03)** will activate Origin 3

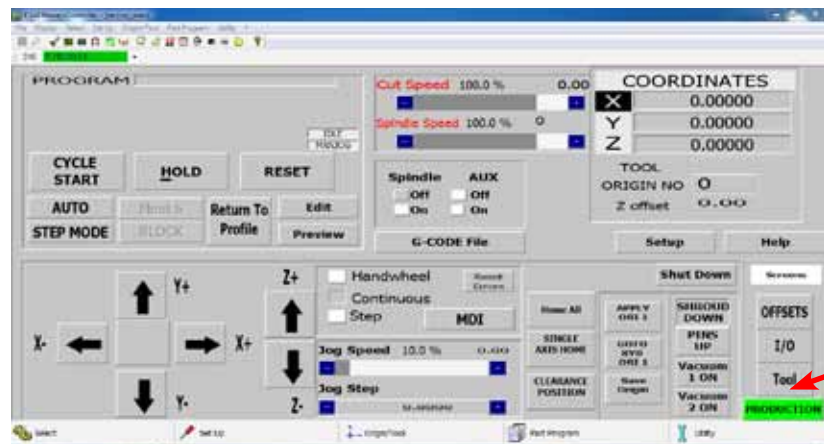
**M6 T4** will pick up tool 4



## 3.2 Learning Tool Lengths

Tool lengths will record how long the tool is in the holder and record the offset value.

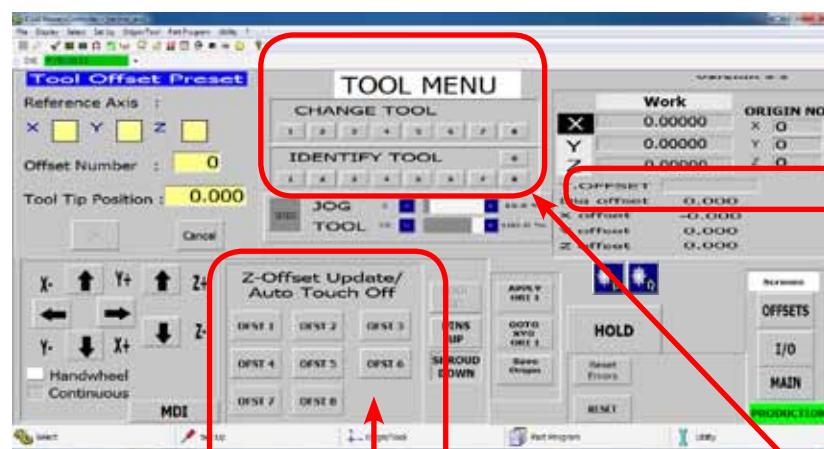
This will allow multiple tools to be used in a single file.



Tool Locations should be pre-learned from the factory. If the Tool locations are incorrect, see Learning Tool Locations section of the appendix.

**1**

To learn tool lengths.  
Click on Tool in the main screen of the Techno interface.



**Warning take note of the T.OFFSET number.** If it tries to return a tool to an occupied tool location, it can cause damage to the tool stands.

**2**

Place the router bits in the tool holders, ensuring that they are secure.

Place the tool holder in the chuck. This can be done manually by pressing the green button on the side of the spindle, then placing the tool holder in the spindle and releasing the button.  
**If the tool is in the tool stand,** press the corresponding button under the Manual Tool Change bar in the Tool Screen.

**3**

- Click Reset to remove any offsets.
- Click OFST # . Where # is the number of the Tool you have in the chuck.

The machine will go to Top of the Z travel, then slowly move down to the pad. It will touch the brass colored section of the pad, retract, and then move down again to confirm the value.

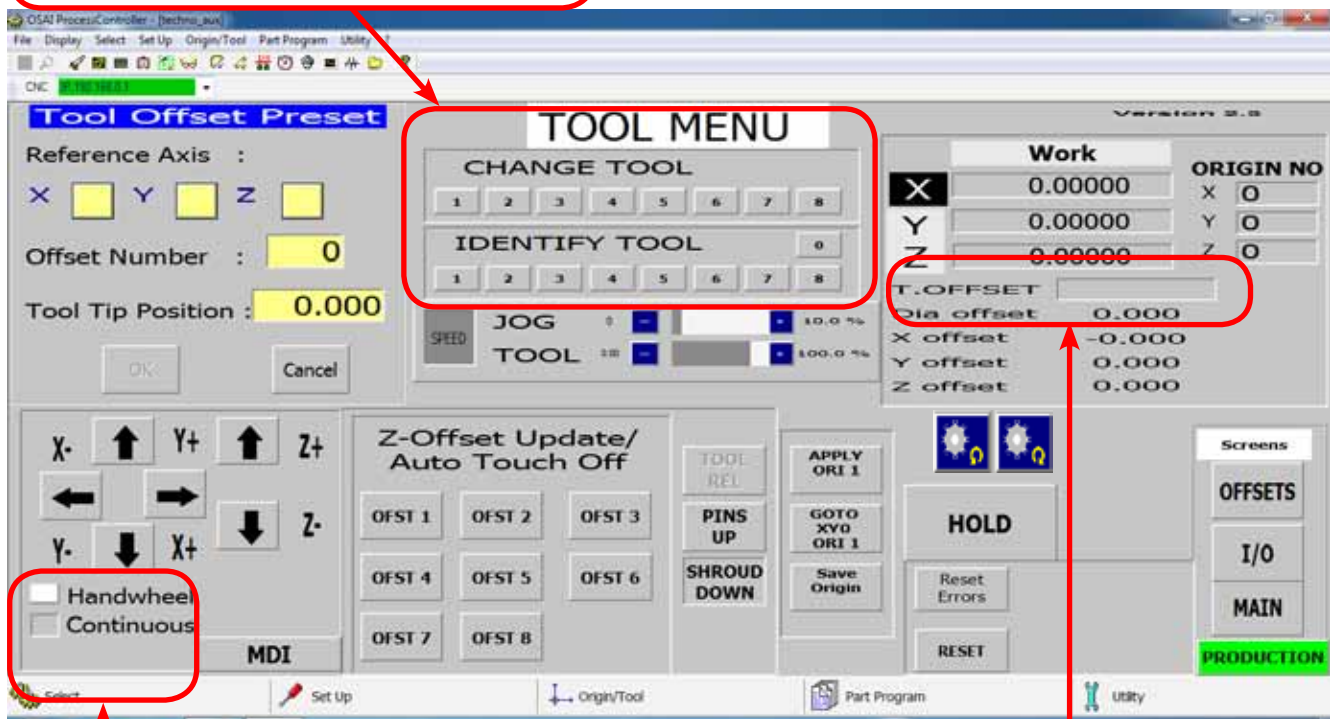
Repeat this procedure for the other tools.  
Tool Lengths are now learned. Press "RESET" to remove Blue Notification

**(Continued on next page)**

### 3.2 Learning Tool Lengths (Continued)

Tool lengths will record how long the tool is in the holder and record the offset value. This will allow multiple tools to be used in a single file.

Identify or Change Tools by pressing these buttons. 0 is an empty chuck.



If jogging the machine make sure one of these buttons is clicked, otherwise it will not move.

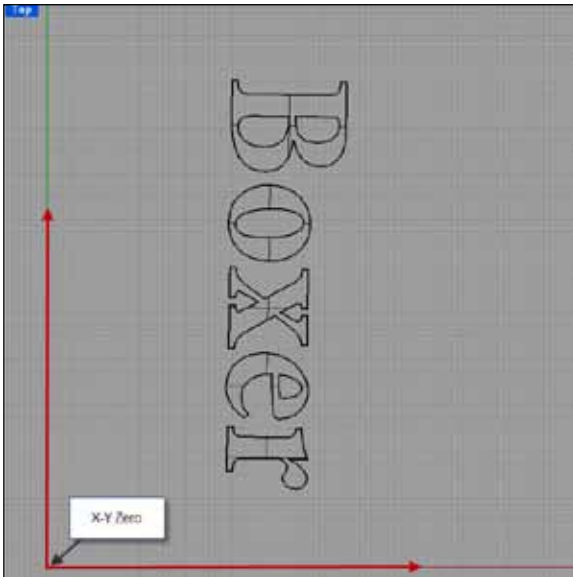
This displays the Tool that is in the chuck.  
1 means no offset is applied.  
1.1 means offset is applied.

### 3.3 Saving An Origin | Setting XYZ zero position

When setting an origin, make sure the correct tool is in the chuck and this tool has been identified.

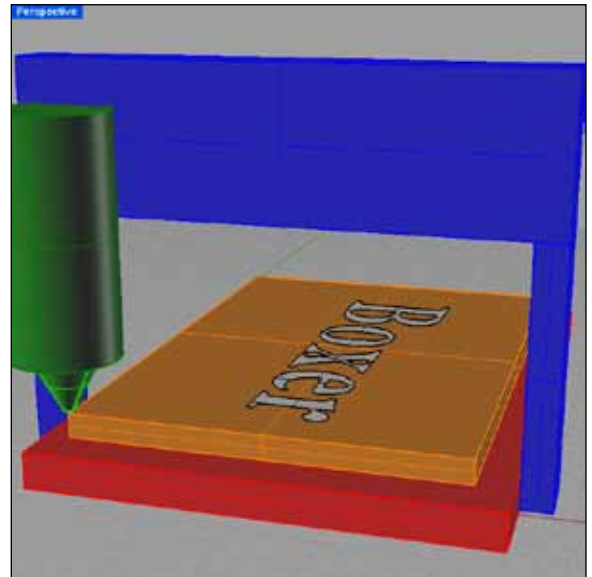
The T.OFFSET box in the top right hand side of the screen should be 1.1 or 2.2, etc ,for whatever tool is in the chuck. If the T.OFFSET box only reads one digit, the tool must be identified in the Tool screen.

See Tools section for instructions in how to do this.



**1**

XYZ zero position is the location point on a drawing in a CAD/CAM package where X,Y and Z all equal zero. Generally, XY zero is on the bottom left corner and Z zero is the top of the part. The letters to be cut are located away from the XY zero.



**2**

**To set the Origin:**

Move the machine to the location on the table you want to set as XYZ. Use the handwheel for precision.

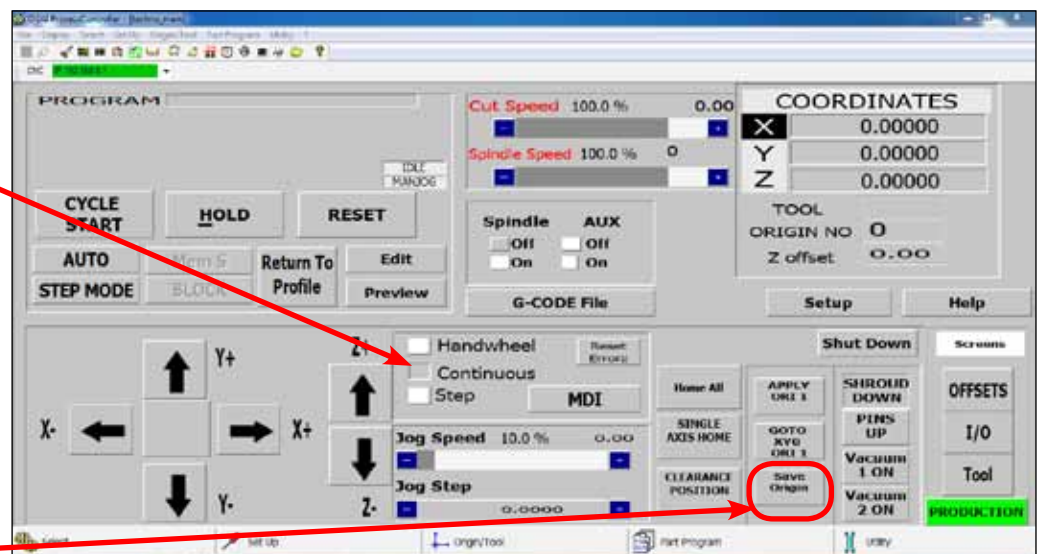
**3**

Continuous must be active to save origin.

Once in position switch to Continuous Jog mode.

**Note:** You cannot save an origin with the handwheel active.

Click on Save Origin.



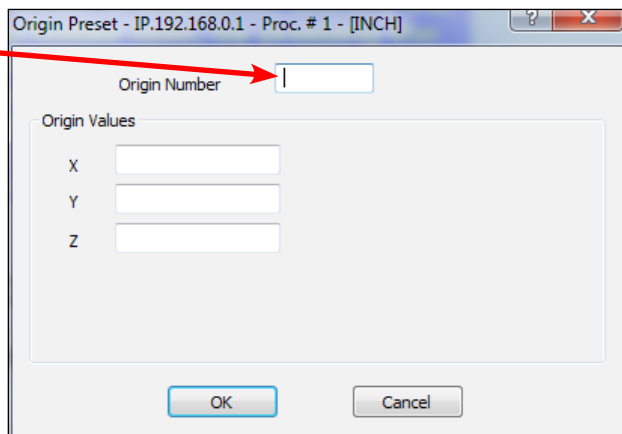
**1**

The Save Origin screen will open, and a reminder to load the tool number will appear. **Click the number of the tool that is in the spindle, then click ORI SET.**

**2**

**Enter the Origin Number on top and zero in the XYZ boxes.**

- Click OK.
- Click Return to Main Screen, when done.

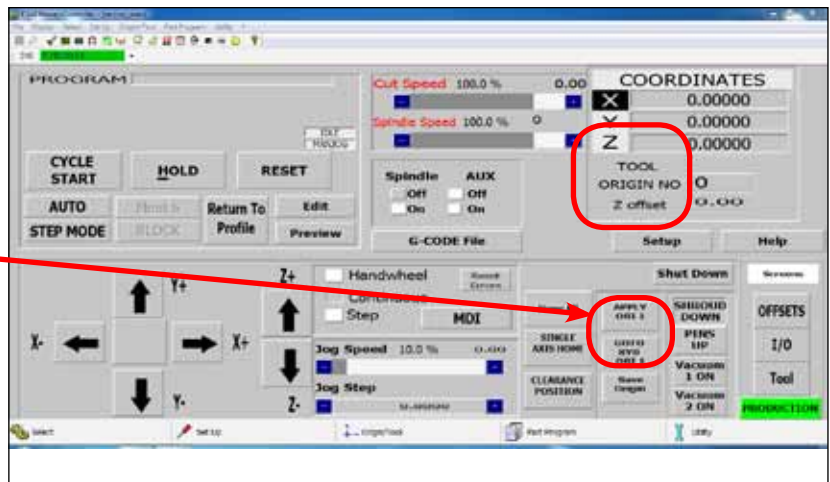
**3**

The coordinates displayed will still be the Work Coordinates. That is the coordinate system from the home position.

**To display the Origin just saved. Click on Apply ORI 1.**

The coordinate system will now switch to the origin you saved.

**The data (UAO,01) in the G-code file will also switch coordinate systems.** So if you hit reset and the coordinate system returns to the Work/Home Coordinates when the G-code file is started, the controller will read the (UAO,01) command and apply Origin 1.



**The origin is now set.** If you click reset, the coordinate system will switch back to Work system, and the tool offset will be removed. Identifying the Tool in the chuck and clicking Apply ORI will enter the values again.

## 3.4: Preparing a G-Code File

The G-code file must be copied into the programs folder on the PLC directory.

There is a shortcut to this on the main desktop.

- Drag your files from the USB to the desktop icon or copy and paste.

- Files must be no more than 8 characters in length.

Folders can be copied in to the programs folder, but **make sure the file G600 is in the same folder as your file.**

**This data must be in the G-code file.** If the correct post to Techno Osai Venture machine is used in the CAM package, then it will be entered automatically.

### Data For a Techno Osai G-code File.

#### Start of File:

G70	(Programming in Inches)
G90	(Absolute Programing)
G40	(Disables Cutter Diameter compensation)
G80	(Disable Can Cycles)
G17	(Circular interpolation on XY plane)
G27	(Continuous sequence operation with automatic speed reduction on corners)
M143	Edge Pop Up Pins Down)
M49	(Dust shroud down)
G600	(Loads a set of parameters into controllers amplifiers. This is a txt file that needs to be in the directory of the G-code file.)
(UAO,01)	(Applies Origin 1 to machine coordinates. Ideally user will have an option to select Origin number 1-5)

#### Tool Changes:

T1 M6	(Standard Tool change command)
M3 S18000	(Spindle on and RPM value)
(DLY,05)	(Wait 5 seconds for spindle to achieve set speed)
G27	(Apply continuous sequence operation with automatic speed reduction)

#### Circles:

G02	(Clockwise with Arc Center (I-J) Absolute)
G03	(Anti-Clockwise with Arc Center (I-J) Absolute)
	R is also accepted, but I-J's must be Absolute.

**(Continued on next page)**



## 3.4: Preparing a G-Code File (Continued)

**End of File:**

M05	(Spindle Off)
M48	(Dust shroud up)
M30	(File end)

**So the start of a typical file will look like this.**

G70  
G90  
G40  
G80  
G17  
G27

M143  
M49  
G600

(UAO,01)  
T1 M6  
M3 S18000  
(DLY,05)

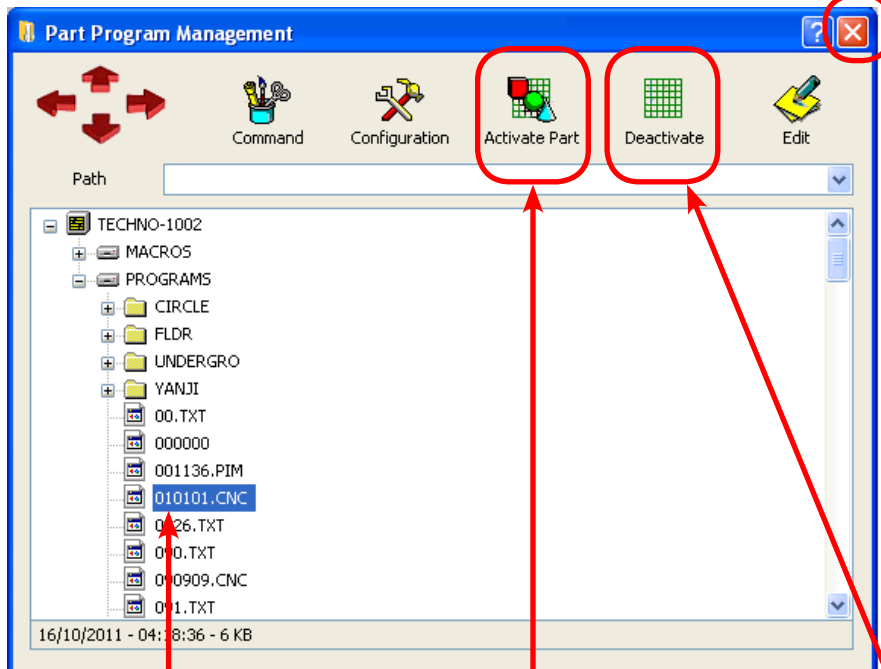
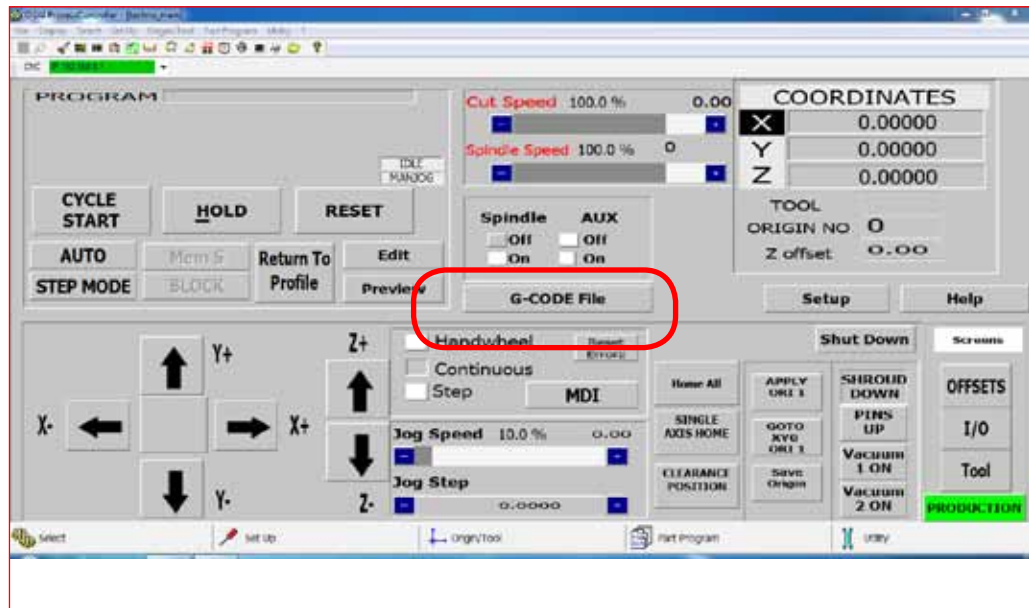
**Then the customers G-code.**

M05  
M48  
M30

## 3.5 Running a G-Code File

**1**

Click on  
G-CODE File  
to access the  
file menu.

**2**

Locate the File you want to load.  
Left click on the file.

- Click **Activate** to load it to the machine.
- Close the window by clicking **X**.

**3**

When loading a new file  
click **Deactivate** to remove  
the old file, before you click  
activate.

**(Continued on next page)**

## 3.5 Running a G-Code File (Continued)

The file name will now appear on the top right of the screen. **You are now ready to run the file.**

### To run the file.

- Ensure that the Origin and the Tool offsets are set.
  - Check **AUTO** to run in Continuous mode.
  - Click **CYCLE START** to run the file.
- The cut speed can be adjusted by pressing the (+) or (-) blue box under cut speed.

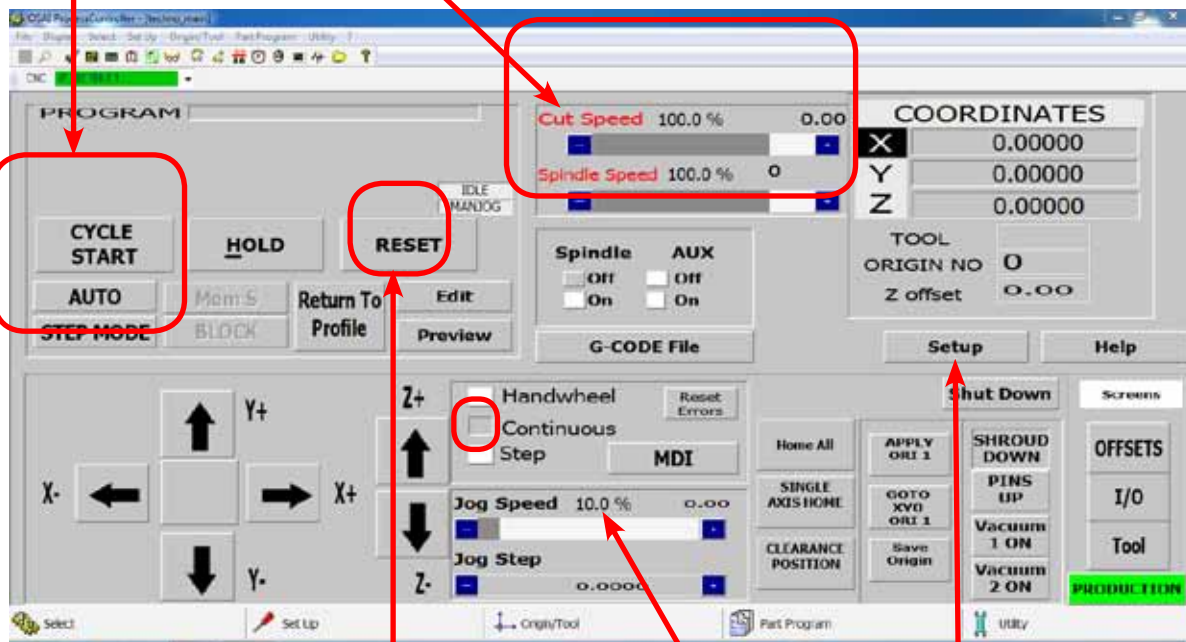
### The file will now run.

- Pressing **HOLD** will pause the machine.
- Pressing **CYCLE START** will continue the file.

### DO NOT JOG OFF THE PART WHILE IN HOLD.

If you do, you will need to use the return to profile function to return to continue the file.

**See advanced tutorials to learn how to do this.**



### RESET

will stop the file and reset offsets and the origins.

**To Override speeds**, click on **Setup** and select Feedrate Bypass.

The Cut speed will now be determined by the Percentage of the maximum jog speed. Clicking **RESET** will remove the override command.

## 3.6 Machine Origin, Working Origin and Offsets

### Machine Origin:

When the machine goes to the home position, the coordinate system is set to zero. This is the machine origin.

**Machine origin** is a reference position from which Tool locations, lengths and saved offsets can be recalled. **Machine origin is always located in the bottom left corner of the machine.**

Once the machine has been homed, machine origin is no longer a concern for the user.

### Working Origin:

**Working origin**, also called **Origin**, or **XYZ zero position**, is the coordinate system the part to be cut exists in.

**Working origin** can be saved by the user anywhere on the table.

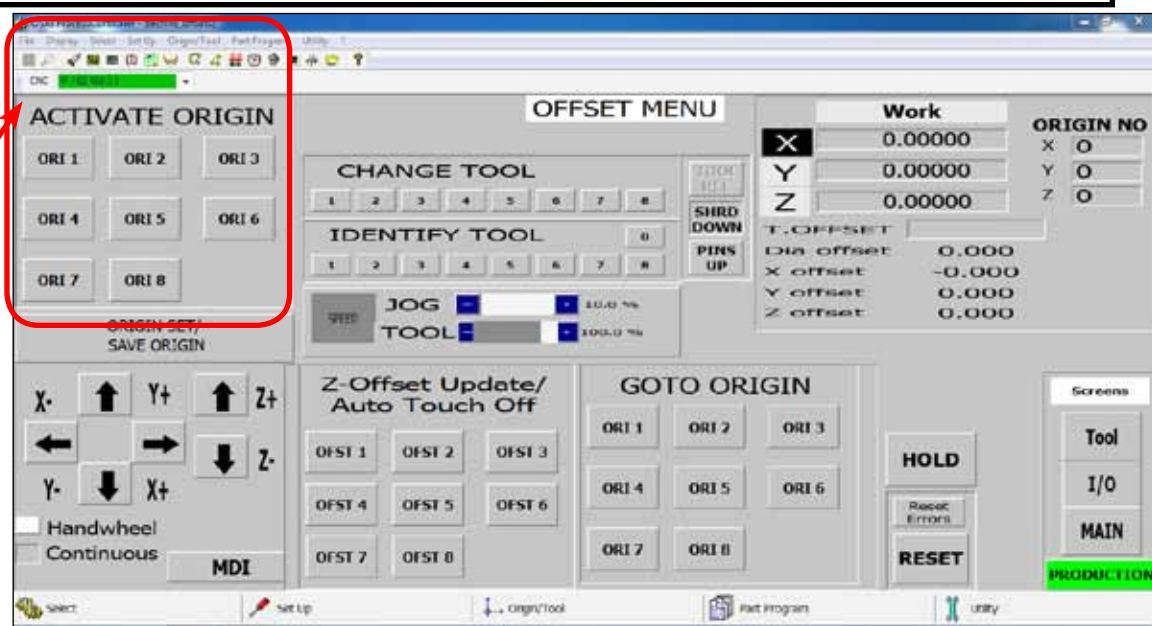
**If the working origin is set too close to the gantry**, and the G-code file has positions beyond the size of the table, an error message will be produced stating that an over travel limit has been reached.

Use the Save Origin button to save an origin.

### Offsets:

**Offsets are just another name for a saved Working Origin.** Different offsets can be saved using the Save Origin function, but instead of naming the offset 1, pick a different number.

Offsets can be activated in the interface by clicking **ACTIVATE ORIGIN** in the Offset Menu and in the G-code by using the function : (UAO,0#)  
Where # is the offset number.



## SECTION IV: Advanced Tutorials

### 4.1 Using Block to Block Functions

Block to block function will allow a particular section of a G-code file to be run. For this function to operate, the G-code file must have line numbers in the following manner:

N100 G0X35Y10

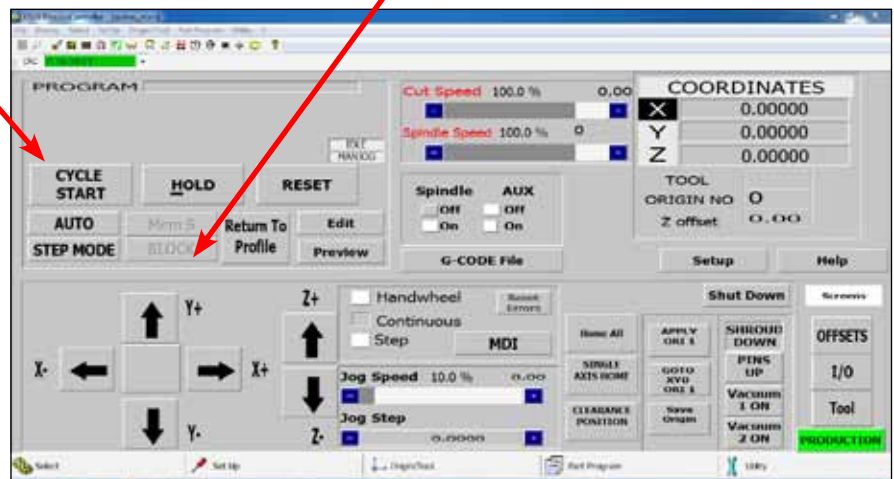
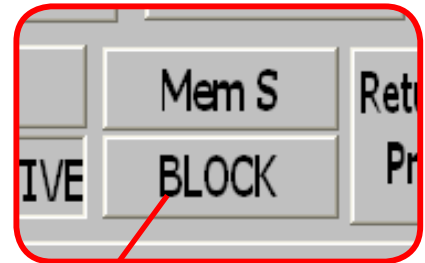
N101 G1X35Y0

etc

When **Block to Block** is clicked, the user will be asked to enter the Starting block Number and the ending block number.

Once the blocks are selected, click OK

Pressing **CYCLE START** will run the section of G-code file selected.



**NOTE:** Running a file from block to block will ignore all other parts of the file.

This means a spindle on command, Tool change and origin must be called at the start of the block if a part is to be cut.

This information can be manually entered in a text editor.

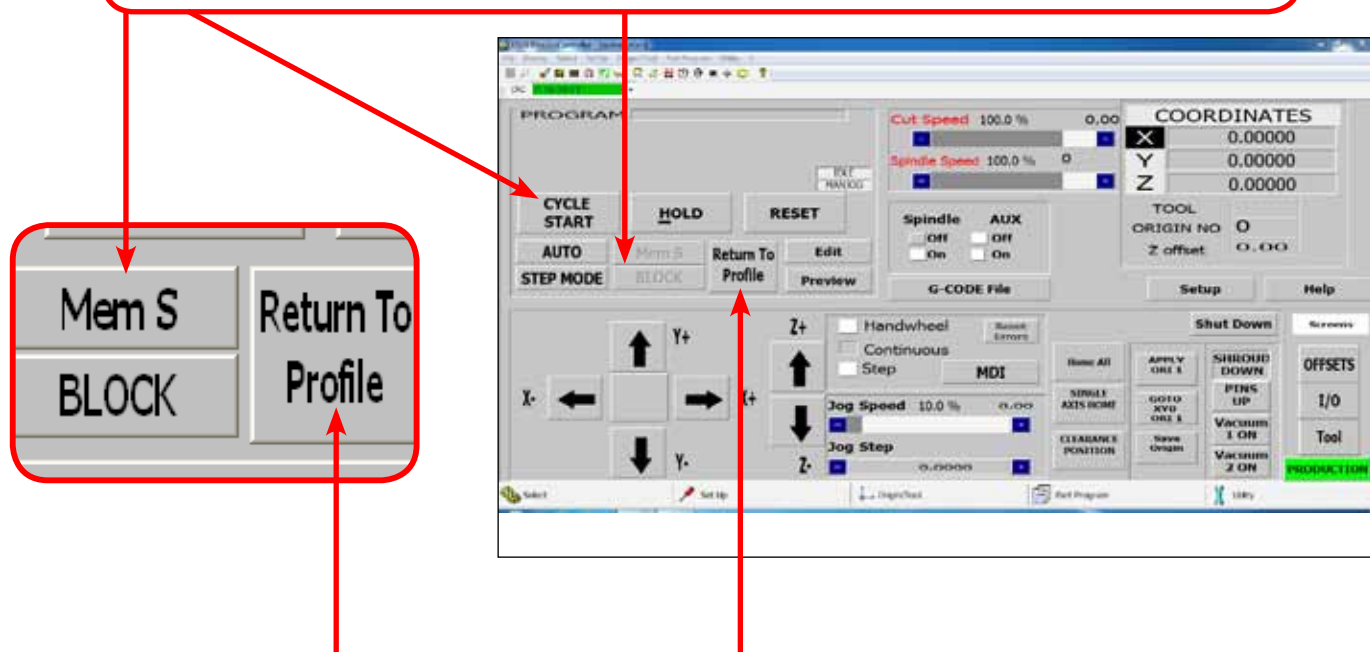


## 4.2 Mem Search

**Mem search** will allow you to find the last reset point in the file currently activated.

If you press **RESET** while running a file, you can continue from that point by pressing **MEM S**.

The G-code will be searched for the last break point, and once it has been found, pressing **CYCLE START** will continue from that point.



## 4.3 Return to Profile.

If the user presses **HOLD** while a file is running and jogs off the part, when they try to restart, a **“Not on part profile error”** will appear.

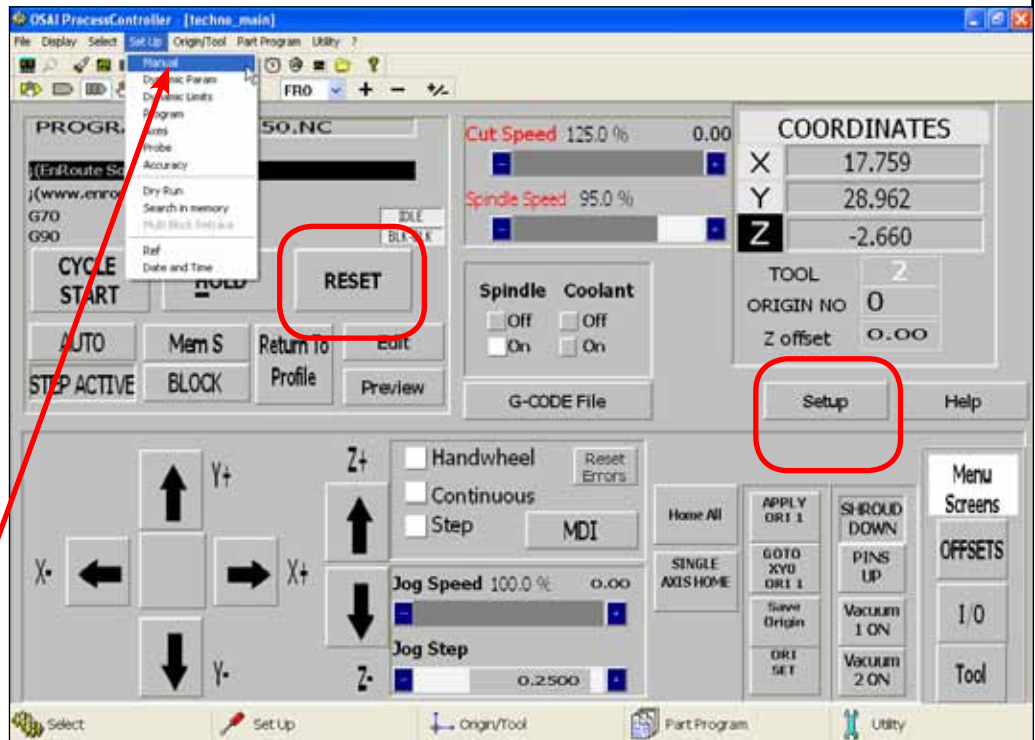
To return to the part profile:

- Press **Return to Profile**.
- Press the **Y axis arrow**, the Y axis will move to the position it was in when hold was pressed.
- Press the **X axis arrow**, the X-axis will move to the position it was in when hold was pressed.
- Press the **Z axis arrow**, the Z-axis will move to the position it was in when hold was pressed.
- **“Spindle on Part Profile”** message will appear on the screen.
- Deactivate hold, by clicking **HOLD**.
- Select **AUTO**.
- Click **CYCLE START** to continue the file.

## 4.4. Setup Parameters

Certain parameters for a G-code file can be changed from the **Setup** window in the interface. Any changes here are cleared when **RESET** is pressed in the main screen.

Click on **Setup** and the drop down menu will appear.

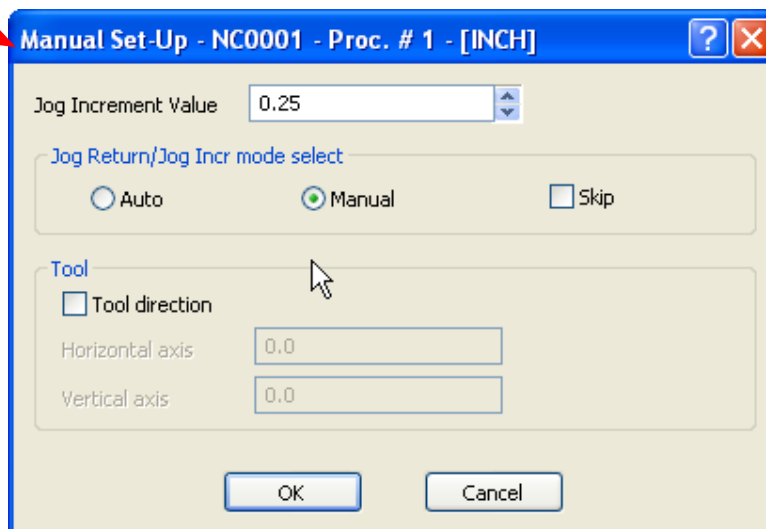


**Manual Setup** will allow the user to change the Jog step size.

Checking **Auto** will mean the machine will jog the full step size when the jog arrow is pressed once.

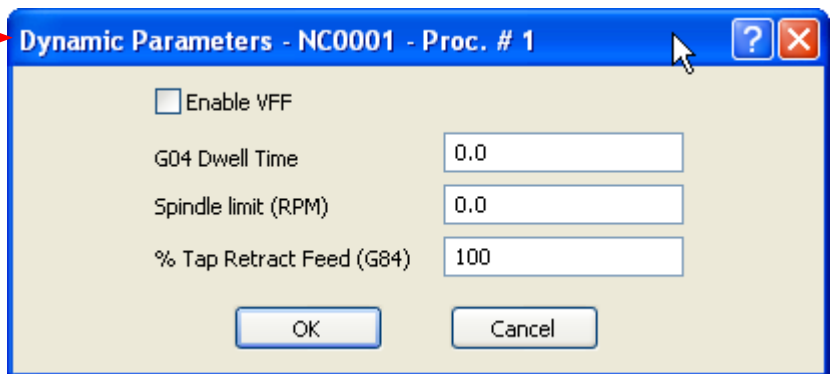
Checking **Manual** will mean the machine will only jog while the arrow is held down. When it reaches the step size, it will stop and the user will have to release the button and press again.

All the other options on this window are disabled.



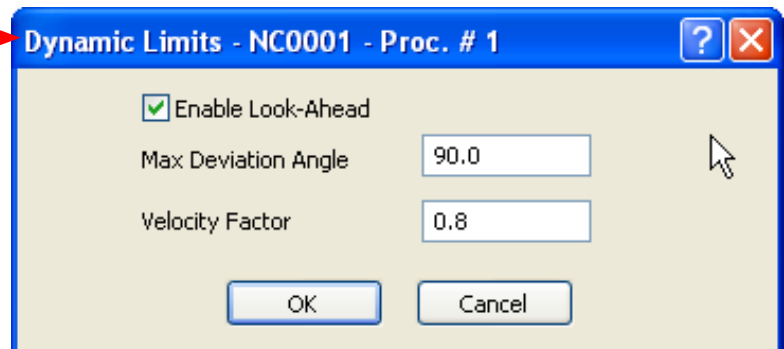
**Dynamic Parameters** will allow adjustment in canned drilling cycles.

See the Osai G-code manual for more details on canned cycles.



**Dynamic Limits** will effect the smoothness of the machine.

See the Osai Amp manual for more details on these values.



**Program Setup** will allow adjustments to the G-code file.

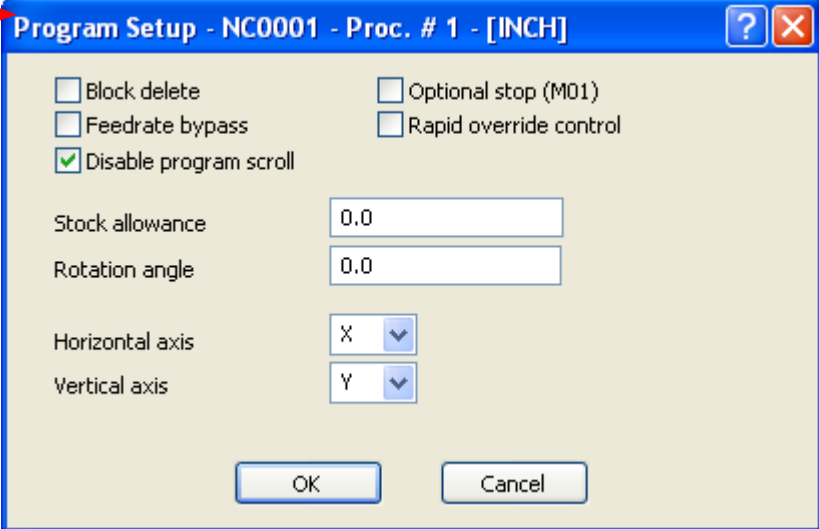
- **Block delete** will delete a highlighted part of a G-code file.

- **Feedrate bypass** will override the programmed feedrates and use the percentage feed on the main screen.

- **Disable program scroll** will stop every line of G-code appearing on the screen.

- **Optional stop** will disable any M01 commands in the G-code file.

- **Rapid override control** will allow speed to be overridden when the file is running.



**Program Setup - NC0001 - Proc. # 1 - [INCH]**

☐ Block delete      ☐ Optional stop (M01)

☐ Feedrate bypass      ☐ Rapid override control

☒ Disable program scroll

Stock allowance      0.0

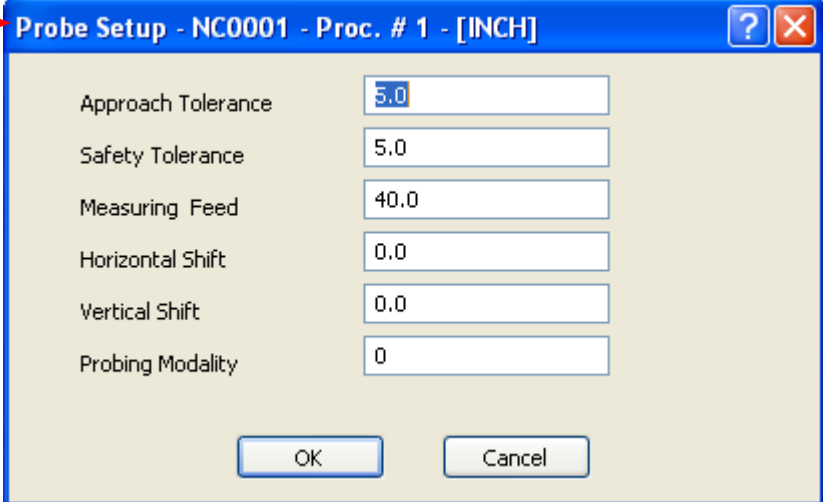
Rotation angle      0.0

Horizontal axis      X

Vertical axis      Y

OK      Cancel

**Probe Setup** controls the way the tool offsets are learned and **should not be adjusted.**



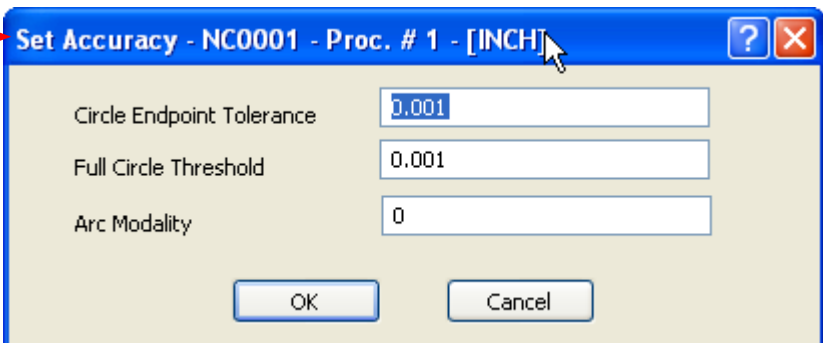
The screenshot shows the 'Probe Setup - NC0001 - Proc. # 1 - [INCH]' dialog box. It contains the following fields and values:

Parameter	Value
Approach Tolerance	5.0
Safety Tolerance	5.0
Measuring Feed	40.0
Horizontal Shift	0.0
Vertical Shift	0.0
Probing Modality	0

At the bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

**Set Accuracy** will adjust the arc tolerance for circles and curves in the file.

See the Osai Amp and Osai G-code manual for more information



The screenshot shows the 'Set Accuracy - NC0001 - Proc. # 1 - [INCH]' dialog box. It contains the following fields and values:

Parameter	Value
Circle Endpoint Tolerance	0.001
Full Circle Threshold	0.001
Arc Modality	0

At the bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

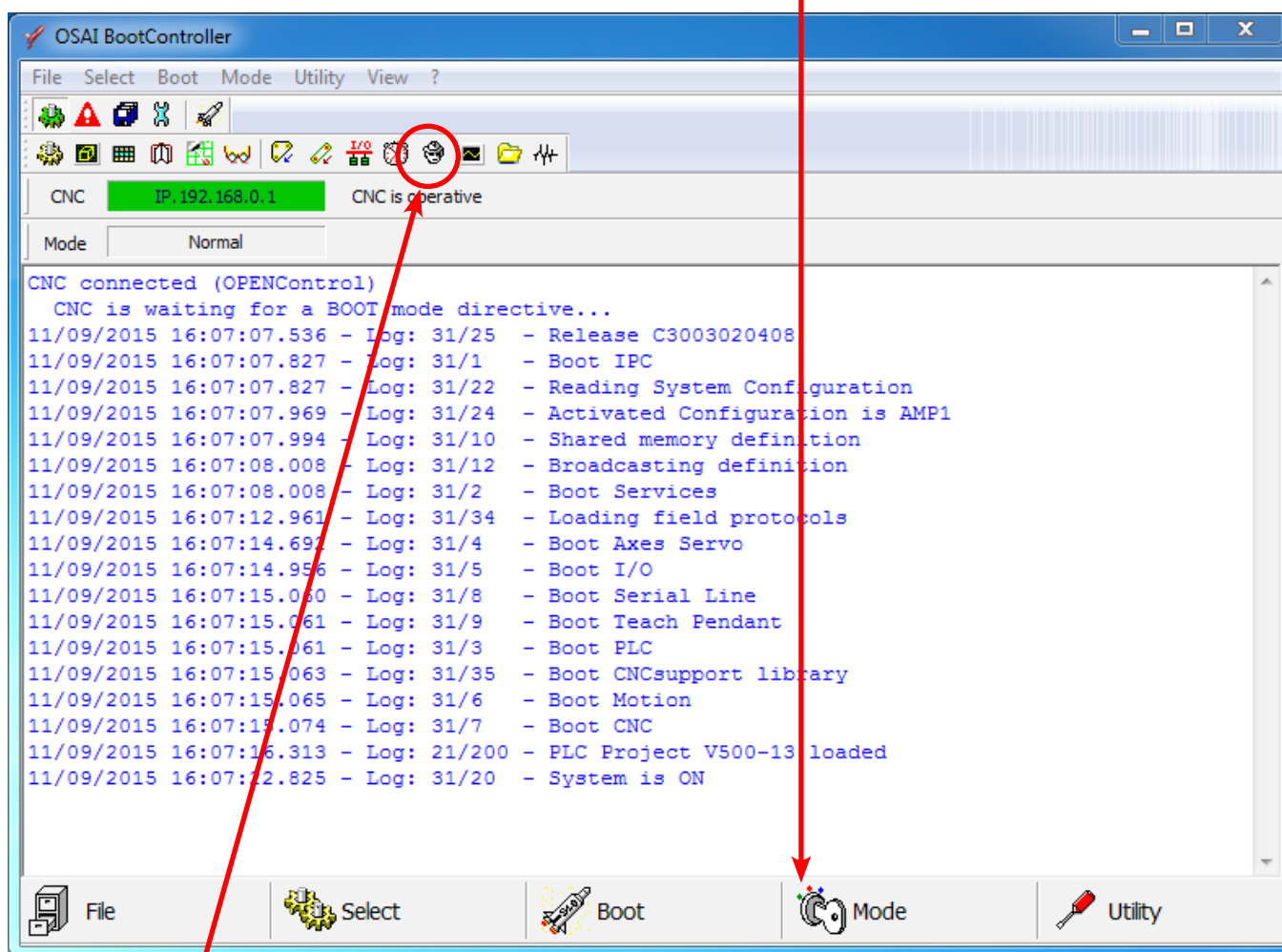


## 4.5 Backing Up Parameters.

**The parameters of the Amp and PLC should be backed up before any adjustments are made to them.**

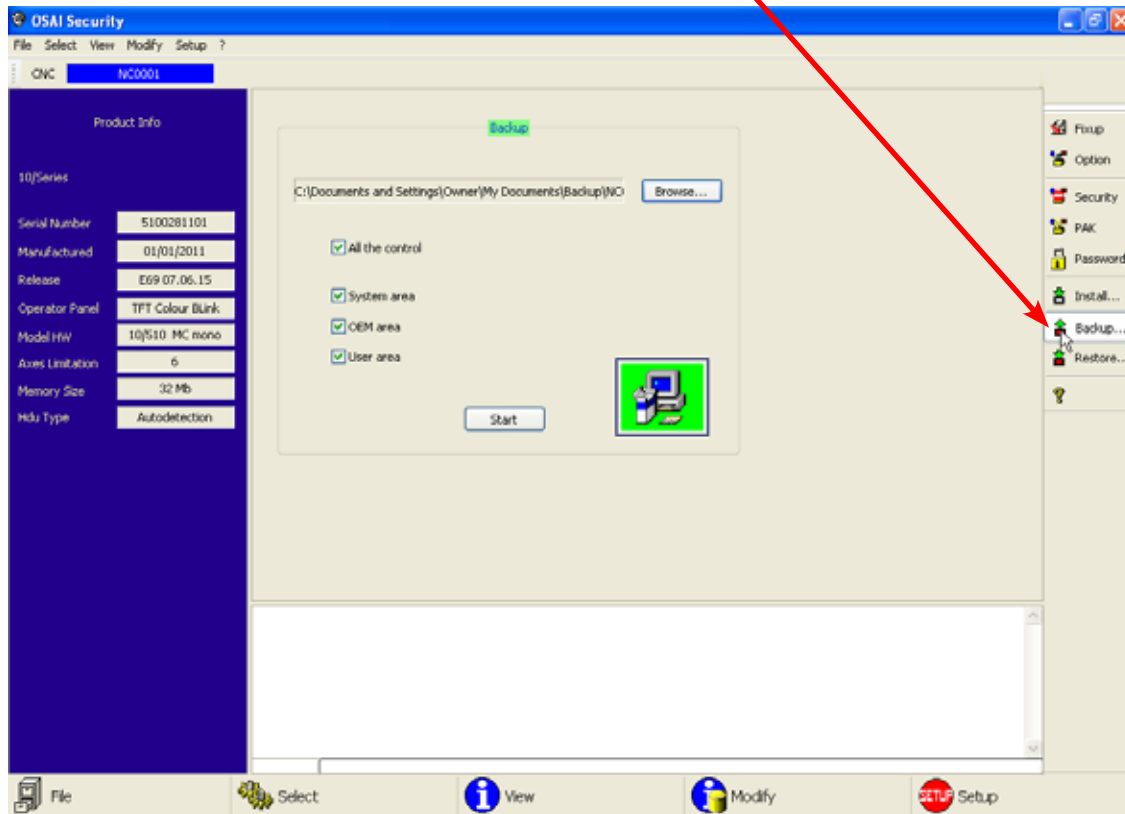
**Restart the controller in Setup Mode.**

**Select Boot, then Restart, then pick Setup from the Mode menu.**

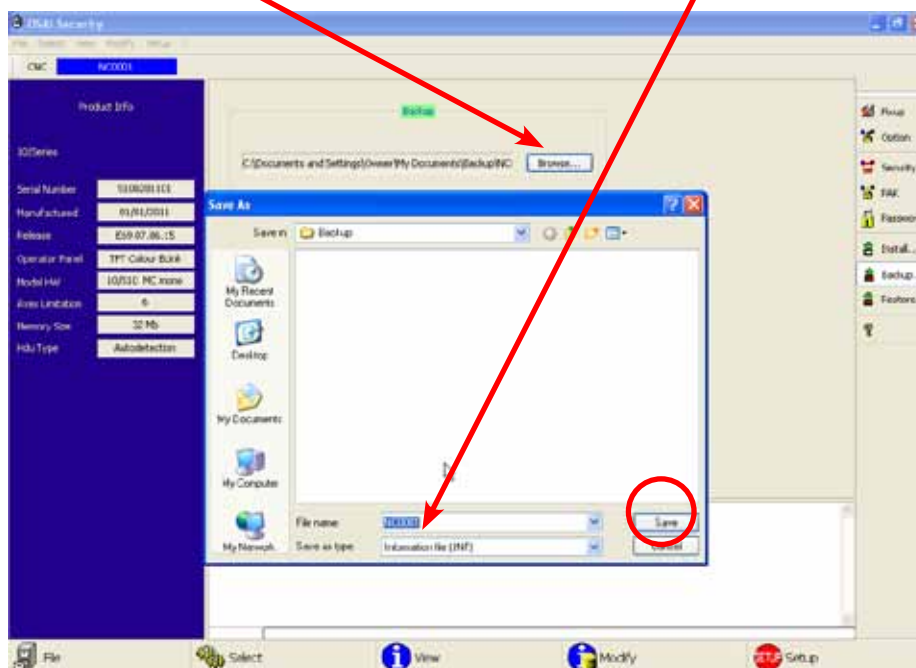


Once in **Setup Mode**, click on the **Security Icon** to enter the security window.

Click on Backup to select the backup option

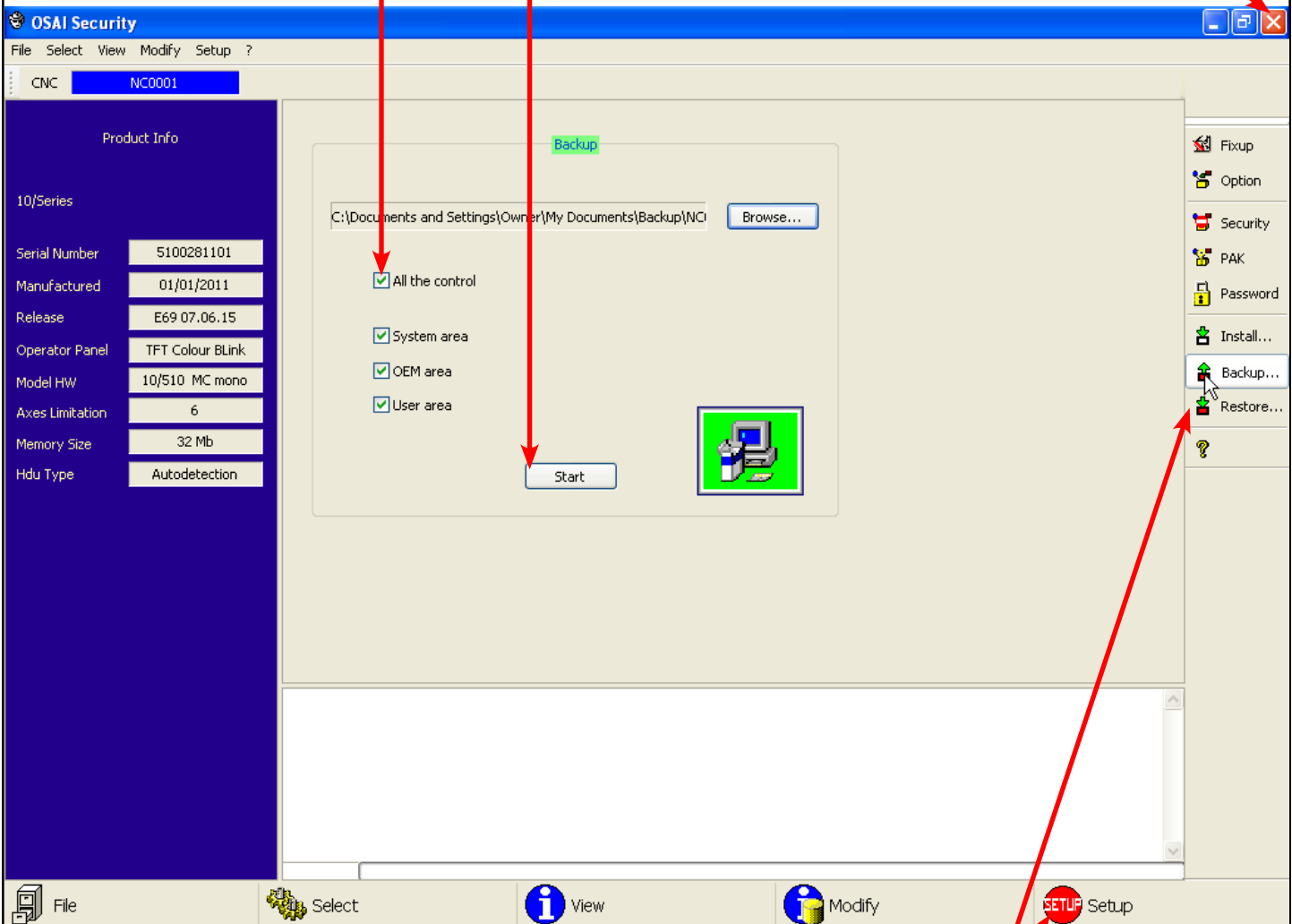


Click on Browse and pick / create a suitable folder to save the backup, enter a suitable file name for the backup and click Save.

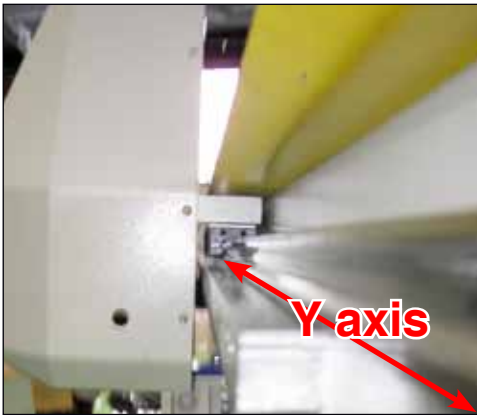


Check the box beside **All the control** and **click Start** to begin the backup.

Once complete, **close the Security window**, and **reboot the controller in Normal mode**.



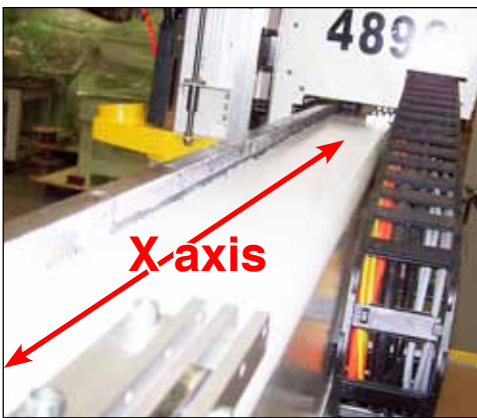
**To Restore** a saved backup, just **reboot in setup mode again**, and **select Restore** to load the saved settings.



## V. Machine Lubrication

### 5.1 Lubricating the X-Y Rack and Pinion.

Lubrication is important with rack and pinion gearing systems. A thin film of grease should always be present on the contacting tooth flanks to minimize metal to metal contact. Lithium grease lubrication is recommended over oil, as the oil lubrication will flow away from tooth flanks. The racks should be cleaned with a degreasing agent and fresh clean grease should be applied at regular intervals depending on the usage of the machine. It is recommended that this is done every 80 hours of machine usage. Use a small brush to coat both racks on the side of the Y axis and the single rack across the X axis.



### 5.2 Lubricating the X-Y-Z Rails

The rail carriage bearings are sealed and protected with wipers. The rails should be lightly oiled to allow smooth operation. Avoid a build up of debris on the rails by blowing them off with air or wiping them down with a rag. The rails do not need to be lubricated as often as the rack. Once a month should be sufficient.



#### Recommended Lubricants.

Lithium Based Grease:

- Alvania Grease No. 2(Shell) or Equivalent.
- Techno Part No. H90Z00-8670T8

Oil:

- Vactra No. 2s(mobile)
- Tonner Oil or Equivalent.
- Techno Part No. H90200-LUBE002

Oil and Grease Kit:

- Techno Part No. H90Z00-LUBEKIT2

**NOTE:** AVOID A BUILD UP OF DEBRIS ON MOVING PARTS.  
CLEAN OFF ANY DEBRIS TO AVOID DAMAGING THE MACHINE.

### 5.3 Lubricating Z Ballscrew

The Z axis uses a ballscrew and ballnut instead of a rack and pinion. The ballnut has a nipple for applying lubrication to the mechanism.



Lithium grease is pumped into the lubrication point with the application gun provided with the machine.



**6.0 HSD Aggregate Tool Setup.****HSD Aggregate Tool**

Please follow these instructions carefully to properly install the HSD aggregate on your machine.

**Section VI: Appendix**

(Diagram 1. The pin must be in this position in the tool holder.)

**1**

Diagram 1 illustrates how the aggregate must be seated in the ISO30 tool clip.

(Diagram 2. The current aggregate angle.)

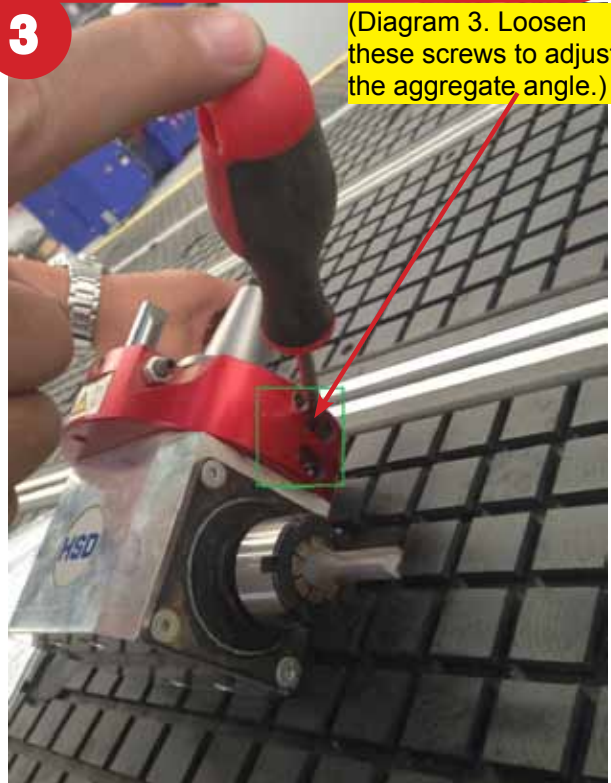
**2**

Diagrams 2 and 3 illustrate how to adjust the angle of the aggregate cutting tools.

It is essential that the pin (shown in Diagram 1) remains in the shown position so that it aligns with the aggregate tool ring and ISO30 tool clip.

**3**

(Diagram 3. Loosen these screws to adjust the aggregate angle.)

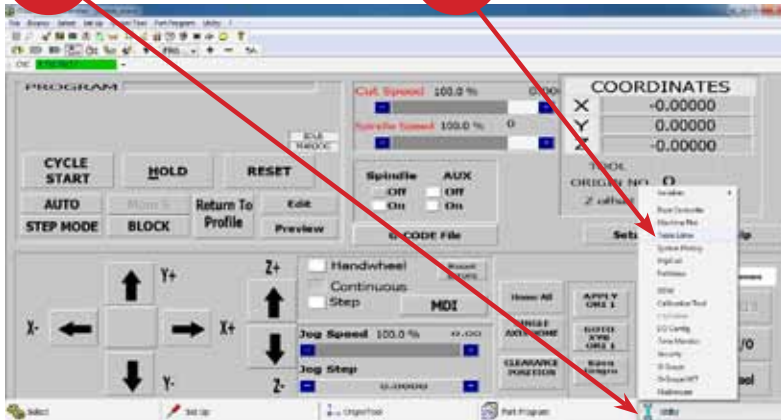




## How to Set Up Tool Offsets with Aggregate Tools

**1** Click "Utility."

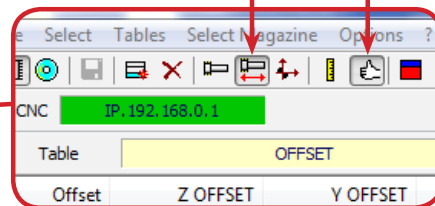
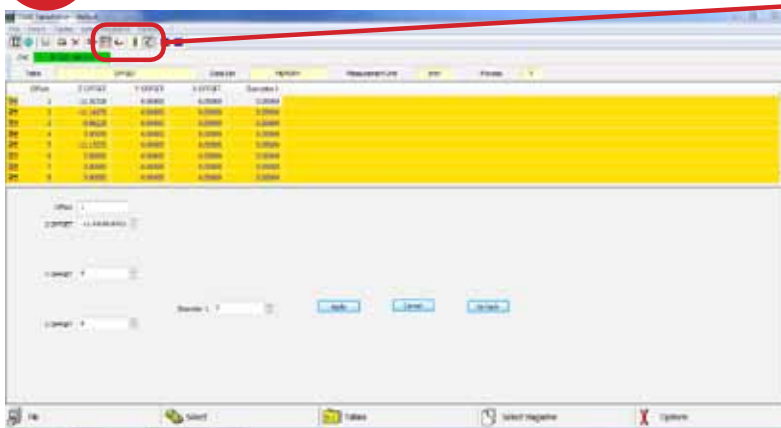
**2** Click "Table Editor."



Click here for tool lengths.

Click here for English units.

**3** In the offset screen, you will enter the following values for the aggregate offset.



**4** Please see the following Example:

$$\text{X Tool Offset} = \text{Total Length} - 3.4843" \quad (88.5 \text{ mm})$$

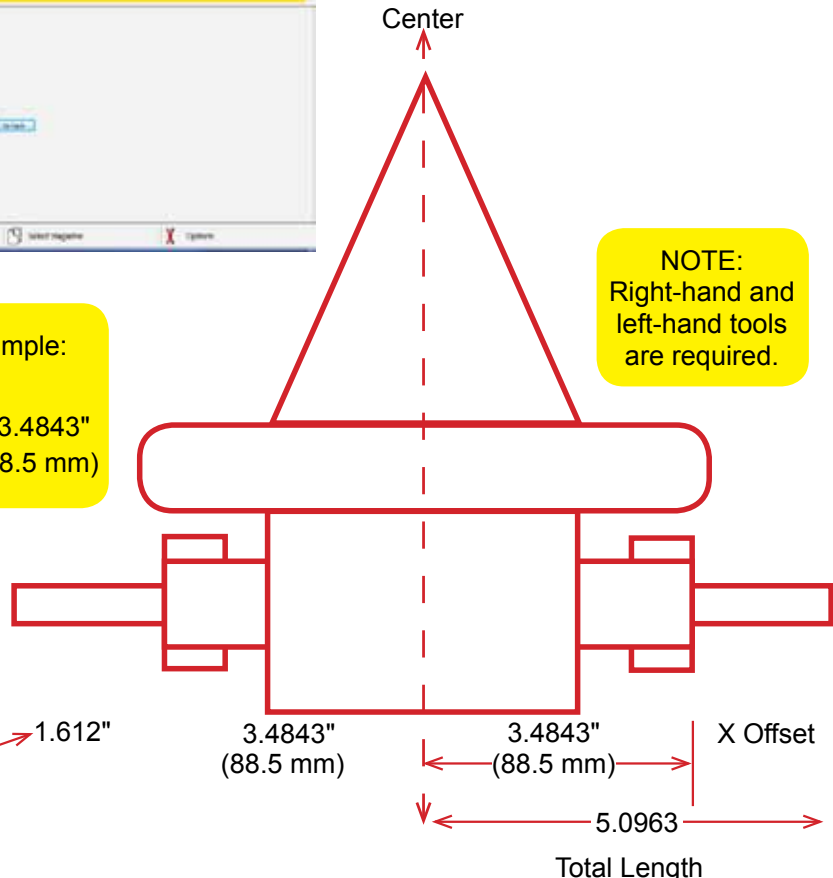
Offset 1

Z OFFSET -11.5151818521

Y OFFSET 0

X OFFSET 0

Diameter 1 0



**NOTE:**  
Right-hand and left-hand tools are required.

## 6.1 Service and Maintenance

### Caution

- (1) Maintenance shall be performed by qualified personnel.
- (2) Switch off the main power supply before servicing. If power supply is needed, have qualified personnel operate it.
- (3) Use genuine replacement parts and components.

## Linear drive component Maintenance

Wipe the linear rails and bearings once a day to assure smooth play free motion.



Lubricate the rack and pinion and the ball screw drive once every week so as to ensure longer service life.



When lubricating the z-axis screw, use a grease gun to inject grease into zerk fitting. It is recommended to use Kluber TA 15/2 or PETAMOGY 193 or equivalent.



## Electrical Cabinet Maintenance

**Caution:**

**Switch off the main power supply before servicing. If power supply needed, qualified personnel shall operate it.**

- (1) Clean the cabinet with dust collector once every week. Be careful not to damage or loosen any wire connections. Compressed air may be used but from at least 4 foot distance.
- (2) Check the fan filters every month. Clean and / or replace if necessary.

## Maintenance Intervals on Becker VTLF 250 Series Pumps

### Every 50 Hours

- Check to make sure the pump is free of any debris or materials leaning against the pump. 18" perimeter clearance is required for proper ventilation.
- Check and clean air intake filters. Replace if Necessary.
- Clean more often in dirty environments.

### 9 months to Yearly or after 4,000 hours

- \*Check Vanes for **minimum width (41 mm)**. Replace if necessary.
- \*Inspect vanes for improper wear (cupping). Replace if necessary.
- \*Inspect teflon tube seals in end shield.  
If the hollow center shows through, replace them.
- \*Wipe grease off rotor shaft before re-installing the end shield.
- \****Grease bearings, Use only Amblygon TA 15/2 Grease,  
6 or 7 pumps of the grease gun per fitting. DO NOT OVER GREASE***

### Every 3000 to 4000 Hours

- \*Inspect motor coupling. Replace if necessary.

## **Spindle Safety Instructions**

NOTE: Refer to spindle manufactures manual for more detailed information. Below is basic tooling maintenance.

Use ISO 30 tool holder

- 1) Warm up spindle each day before use. See spindle manual for details.
- 2) Use original tool holders only.
- 3) The tool holder must be in the upright position during tool changing.
- 4) Air pressure needs to be 85-100 PSI during tool changing. NOTE: For best operation and spindle longevity it is recommended to have a clean drive non fluctuation air source. Air dryer recommended.
- 5) Clear the dust in the spindle regularly.
- 6) Keep the tools sharp and clean. The workpiece needs to be secured tightly on the table otherwise work piece can become loose and create tool vibration.
- 7) Change the filter in the oil-water separator on a monthly basis. Empty the water every 8 hours. Blow air into the middle hole and make sure there is no oil. Warning: water and oil in the air lines can damage the spindles moving parts.
- 8) The air needs to be filtered to be free of moisture, oil mist and dust before entering the spindle.
- 9) ISO30 tool holders and collets should be cleaned weekly. It is recommended to use a rust prohibitor. (Techno p/n: H25XOS-33-21)

## **Other maintenance**

To ensure longer service life, perform regular maintenance of the parts and components:

- (1) Check the overtravel limit switches (both software limit switch and mechanical stops) regularly. Do not let rust accumulate on the limit switches as it seriously affects their

sensitiveness and may fail to give alarm when the machine over travels, which could lead to mechanical crash and damage to the machine. The way to check is to press the switch with hand and see if it gives off alarm. You can also check if the I/O port input signal changes.

- (2) Regularly check the electrical parts. Make sure the plug in devices, cables and cords are well connected. Keep the cabinet door closed when in operation. Opening the cabinet door will not help it cool down. Regularly check and clean the fans and filter nets to ensure proper ventilation.
- (3) You are encouraged to utilize the machine and do not let it stay idle for long, especially in the first year. The more you use the machine, the more likely the machine will be in good condition in the future. If the machine stays idle for too long, the electrical parts are exposed to moisture, heat, etc., thus reducing the service life of the machine. Make sure to power up the machine from time to time (at least once a month). Perform regular check and maintenance. Run the machine for one hour each time and the heat generated will help reduce the humidity. This will also help you to find problems with the machine in advance.



**Appendix I Daily Maintenance Sheet**

No.	Cycle	Part	Requirement
1	Everyday	Table	Sweep clean the table every day. Keep the machine clean and free of other objects.
2	Everyday	Switch	Check and clean all the limit switches.
3	Everyday	Screw	Check the lubricator every day and ensure timely refill.
4	Everyday	Spindle	Check every day to ensure there is enough water in the water tank used for spindle cooling and whether that water tank is functioning.
5	Everyday	Tool	Check each of the tools is in correct position.
6	Everyday	Air compressor	Make sure the air compressor has the right air pressure.
7	Everyday	Water separator and dry	Make sure the filter cup of the water separator and dryer is dry.
8	Everyday	Linear guide	Wipe clean the linear guides and check if they have any scratches or damages.
9	Everyday	Protective cover	Make sure the protective covers on the machines are all intact.
10	Everyday	Cooling fan	Make sure the fan in the electrical cabinet is working and there is no clogging in the air filter net. Clean the filter regularly.
11	Everyday	Others	Make sure the spindle, tool holders and other accessories are in working condition.
12	Regularly	Oiler and oil gun	Replace the liquid when necessary.
13	Monthly	Electrical cabinet	Sweep clean the electrical cabinet when necessary.
14	Monthly	Filter	Clean the filter net regularly, replace with a new one when necessary.
15	Monthly	Wirings and connections	Make sure the wirings and connections are correct.
16	Monthly	Cables, cords and terminals	Check all the cables, cords and terminals are in correct working condition.
17	Semi-annual	Electrical parts	Check if the electrical parts are making strange noises. If they do, replace them.
18	Semi-annual	Backlash	Measure the backlash on all axes every half year. If you find any deviation, make sure to adjust or make compensation.
19	Semi-annual	Electrical parts	Check all the electrical parts and relays to make sure they are working.
20	Semi-annual	Machine bed	Make sure the whole machine is still properly balanced after 6 months of service. If not, adjust the iron pads and tighten the screws.

**6.2 Common Problems | Error Messages | Solutions**

Problem	Solution
Machine freezes during tool change, or when it tries to do a tool change in a G-code file.	This error can occur if the pneumatic sensor on the dust shroud is faulty. To check this: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Press dust Shroud UP on the main screen.</li><li>• Look at the sensor on the piston; it should be red when the shroud is up.</li><li>• If not, move the sensor around the cylinder until the light comes on.</li><li>• If the light will not come on, it will need to be replaced.</li></ul>
Syntax Error when loading a G-code file	There is an unrecognized command in the G-code file. Use the correct Techno post in the CAM package and output the file again.

Error Message	Problem	Solution
001 EMERGENCY STOP ACTIVE	E-stop pushed in.	Release E-stop, and click E-stop release on screen.
010 CAUTION! OVERTRAVEL LIMIT ACTIVE	G-code file will go beyond the table size if run.	Adjust working origin. Redo G-code file to correct size.
011 AXES NOT REFERENCED	Machine has not been homed.	Press Home All on screen.
013 MPG ENABLED	Handwheel is active.	Click on Auto or Continuous to deactivate handwheel
034 AXIS DRIVES FAULT	One of the axis amps shut down.	Cycle power on and off to reset amp. Check cables going to Amp.
041 SPINDLE INVERTER 1 FAULT	Spindle had a fault and shut down.	Cycle power on and off to restart inverter.
042 AXIS ON OVERTRAVEL LIMIT	The over travel limit switch has been triggered.	Slowly jog machine away from end of gantry. Check limit switches for debris.

Error Message	Problem	Solution.
NC030 Circle is not Congruent. Dynamic mode not Congruent.	G-code file has an incorrect arc	Arcs must be absolute i's and j's, or created using R. select one of these options in the CAM post processor.
NC101 Process 1 Positive over Travel	The G-code file is trying to run beyond the table size.	Adjust Origin. Redo G-code File.
NC123 Bad Cycle Mode	Tried to press Cycle start to run file.	Hold is active, press Hold to release, select Auto, press Cycle Start.

**Appendix II Common Errors and Solutions****Driver Error Codes**

Display	Description	32bit-ErrorCode (16bit-ErrorCode + 16bit-Additional Info)
AL001	Overcurrent	2310-0001 <sub>h</sub>
AL002	Overvoltage	3110-0002 <sub>h</sub>
AL003	Undervoltage	3120-0003 <sub>h</sub>
AL004	Motor error	7122-0004 <sub>h</sub>
AL005	Regeneration error	3210-0005 <sub>h</sub>
AL006	Overload	3230-0006 <sub>h</sub>
AL007	Overspeed	8400-0007 <sub>h</sub>
AL008	Abnormal pulse control command	8600-0008 <sub>h</sub>
AL009	Excessive deviation	8611-0009 <sub>h</sub>
AL010	Reserved	0000-0010 <sub>h</sub>
AL011	Encoder error	7305-0011 <sub>h</sub>
AL012	Adjustment error	6320-0012 <sub>h</sub>
AL013	Emergency stop activated	5441-0013 <sub>h</sub>
AL014	Reverse limit switch error	5443-0014 <sub>h</sub>
AL015	Forward limit switch error	5442-0015 <sub>h</sub>
AL016	IGBT temperature error	4210-0016 <sub>h</sub>
AL017	Memory error	5330-0017 <sub>h</sub>
AL018	Encoder output error	7306-0018 <sub>h</sub>
AL019	Serial communication error	7510-0019 <sub>h</sub>
AL020	Serial communication time out	7520-0020 <sub>h</sub>
AL021	Reserved	Reserved
AL022	Input power phase loss	3130-0022 <sub>h</sub>
AL023	Pre-overload warning	3231-0023 <sub>h</sub>
AL024	Encoder initial magnetic field error	7305-0024 <sub>h</sub>
AL025	Encoder internal error	7305-0025 <sub>h</sub>
AL026	Encoder internal error	7305-0026 <sub>h</sub>

## List of Alarms for VFD

Fault Name	Fault Descriptions	Corrective Actions
OC	<b>Over current</b> Abnormal increase in current.	1. Check if motor power corresponds with the AC motor drive output power. 2. Check the wiring connections to U, V, W for possible short circuits. 3. Check the wiring connections between the AC motor drive and motor for possible short circuits, also to ground.
OCC	<b>IGBT protection</b> (Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor)	4. Check for loose contacts between AC motor drive and motor. 5. Increase the Acceleration Time. 6. Check for possible excessive loading conditions at the motor. 7. If there are still any abnormal conditions when operating the AC motor drive after a short-circuit is removed and the other points above are checked, it should be sent back to manufacturer.
OV	<b>Over voltage</b> The DC bus voltage has exceeded its maximum allowable value.	1. Check if the input voltage falls within the rated AC motor drive input voltage range. 2. Check for possible voltage transients. 3. DC-bus over-voltage may also be caused by motor regeneration. Either increase the Decel. Time or add an optional brake resistor (and brake unit). 4. Check whether the required braking power is within the specified limits.

Fault Name	Fault Descriptions	Corrective Actions
oH	<b>Overheating</b> Heat sink temperature too high	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ensure that the ambient temperature falls within the specified temperature range.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the ventilation holes are not obstructed.</li> <li>3. Remove any foreign objects from the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins.</li> <li>4. Check the fan and clean it.</li> <li>5. Provide enough spacing for adequate ventilation.</li> </ol>
Lu	<b>Low voltage</b> The AC motor drive detects that the DC bus voltage has fallen below its minimum value.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the input voltage falls within the AC motor drive rated input voltage range.</li> <li>2. Check whether the motor has sudden load.</li> <li>3. Check for correct wiring of input power to R-S-T (for 3-phase models) without phase loss.</li> </ol>
oL	<b>Overload</b> The AC motor drive detects excessive drive output current. <b>NOTE: The AC motor drive can withstand up to 150% of the rated current for a maximum of 60 seconds.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the motor is overloaded.</li> <li>2. Reduce torque compensation setting in Pr.7-02.</li> <li>3. Take the next higher power AC motor drive model.</li> </ol>
oL1	<b>Overload 1</b> Internal electronic overload trip	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check for possible motor overload.</li> <li>2. Check electronic thermal overload setting.</li> <li>3. Use a higher power motor.</li> <li>4. Reduce the current level so that the drive output current does not exceed the value set by the Motor Rated Current Pr.7-00.</li> </ol>
oL2	<b>Overload 2</b> Motor overload.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reduce the motor load.</li> <li>2. Adjust the over-torque detection setting to an appropriate setting (Pr.08-03 to Pr.08-05).</li> </ol>
HPF.1	GFF hardware error	Return to the factory.
HPF.2	CC (current clamp)	
HPF.3	OC hardware error	
HPF.4	OV hardware error	
cE-	<b>Communication Error</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the RS485 connection between the AC motor drive and RS485 master for loose wires and wiring to correct pins.</li> <li>2. Check if the communication protocol, address, transmission speed, etc. are properly set.</li> <li>3. Use the correct checksum calculation.</li> <li>4. Please refer to group 9 in the chapter 5 for detail information.</li> </ol>



Fault Name	Fault Descriptions	Corrective Actions
ocA	Over-current during acceleration	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Short-circuit at motor output: Check for possible poor insulation at the output lines.</li> <li>2. Torque boost too high: Decrease the torque compensation setting in Pr.7-02.</li> <li>3. Acceleration Time too short: Increase the Acceleration Time.</li> <li>4. AC motor drive output power is too small: Replace the AC motor drive with the next higher power model.</li> </ol>
ocd	Over-current during deceleration	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Short-circuit at motor output: Check for possible poor insulation at the output line.</li> <li>2. Deceleration Time too short: Increase the Deceleration Time.</li> <li>3. AC motor drive output power is too small: Replace the AC motor drive with the next higher power model.</li> </ol>
ocn	Over-current during steady state operation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Short-circuit at motor output: Check for possible poor insulation at the output line.</li> <li>2. Sudden increase in motor loading: Check for possible motor stall.</li> <li>3. AC motor drive output power is too small: Replace the AC motor drive with the next higher power model.</li> </ol>
EF	External Fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Input EF (N.O.) on external terminal is closed to GND. Output U, V, W will be turned off.</li> <li>2. Give RESET command after fault has been cleared.</li> </ol>
EF1	Emergency stop	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When the multi-function input terminals MI1 to MI6 are set to emergency stop (setting 19 or 20), the AC motor drive stops output U, V, W and the motor coasts to stop.</li> <li>2. Press RESET after fault has been cleared.</li> </ol>
cF1	Internal EEPROM can not be programmed.	Return to the factory.
cF2	Internal EEPROM can not be read.	Return to the factory.
cF3.3	U-phase error	Return to the factory.
cF3.4	V-phase error	
cF3.5	W-phase error	
cF3.6	OV or LV	
cF3.7	Current sensor error	
cF3.8	OH error	
EcodE	Software protection failure	Return to the factory.
PcodE	Password is locked.	Keypad will be locked. Turn the power ON after power OFF to re-enter the correct password. See Pr.00-07 and 00-08.
cFR	Auto accel/decel failure	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check if the motor is suitable for operation by AC motor drive.</li> <li>2. Check if the regenerative energy is too large.</li> <li>3. Load may have changed suddenly.</li> </ol>



Betriebsanleitung  
Operating Instructions  
Instructions de service  
Istruzioni d'uso  
Handleiding  
Instrucciones para el manejo  
Manual de instruções  
Naudojimosi instrukcija  
Kasutusjuhend  
Lietošanas instrukcija  
Οδηγίες χρήσης  
取扱説明書  
사용설명서

Driftsinstruks  
Driftsinstruktioner  
Käyttöohje  
Driftsvejledning  
Instrukcja obsługi  
Kezelési útmutató  
Návod k obsluze  
Navodilo za uporabo  
Návod na obsluhu  
El Kitabi  
Инструкция по эксплуатации  
使用说明书

**VTLF 2.200**  
**VTLF 2.250**

98/37 EG  
2006/95 EG



DIN EN ISO 14001:2005

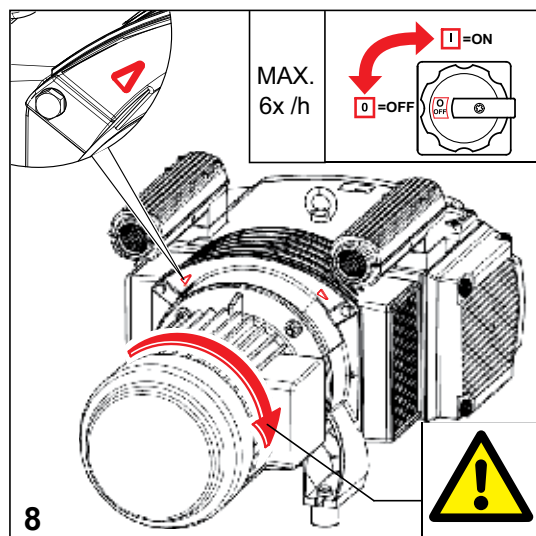
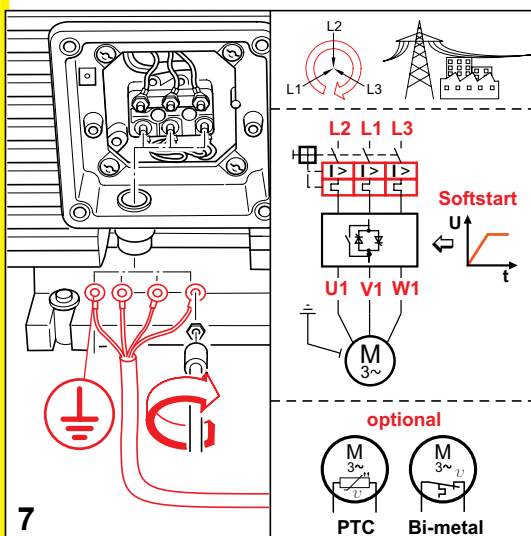
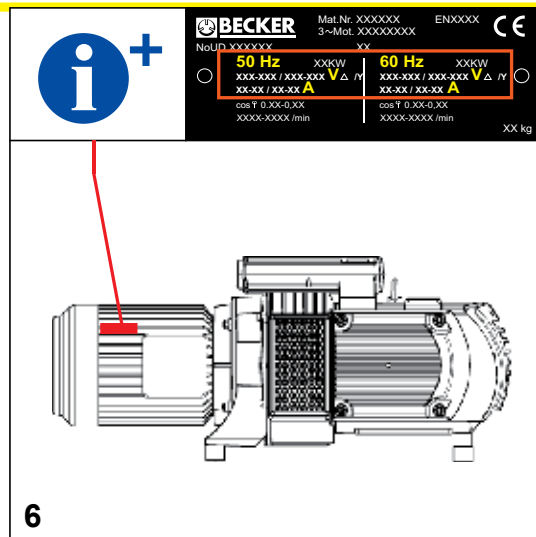
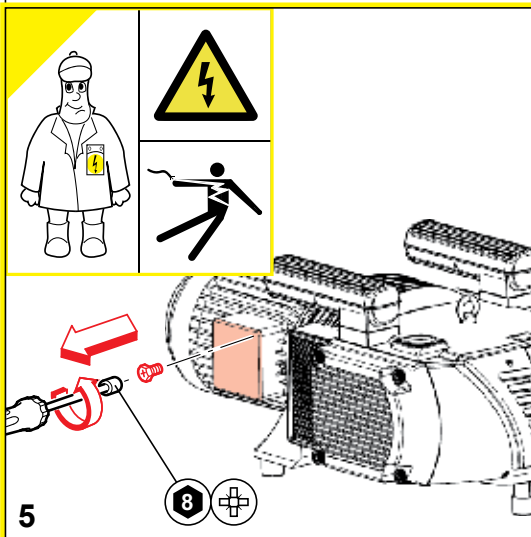
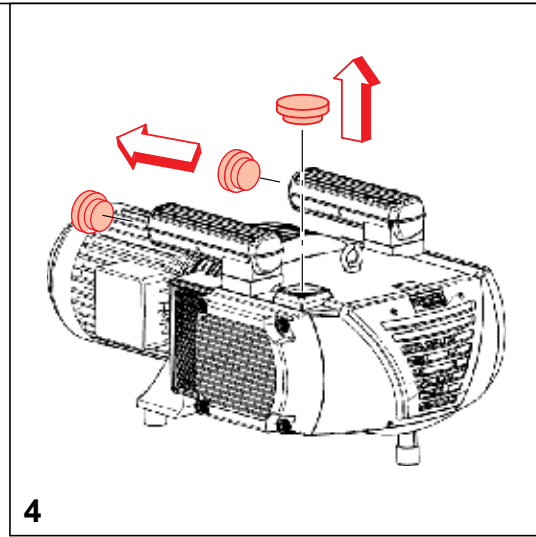
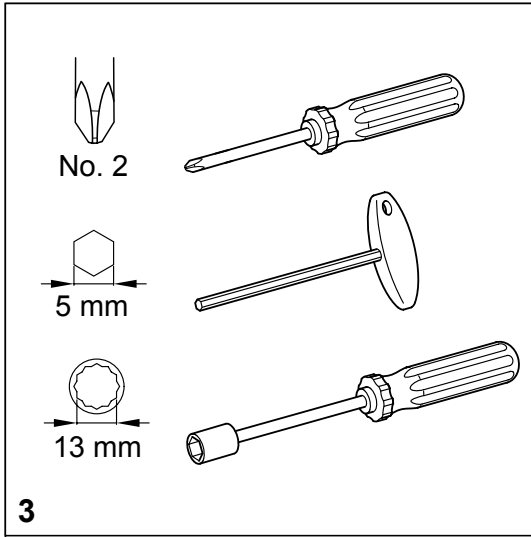


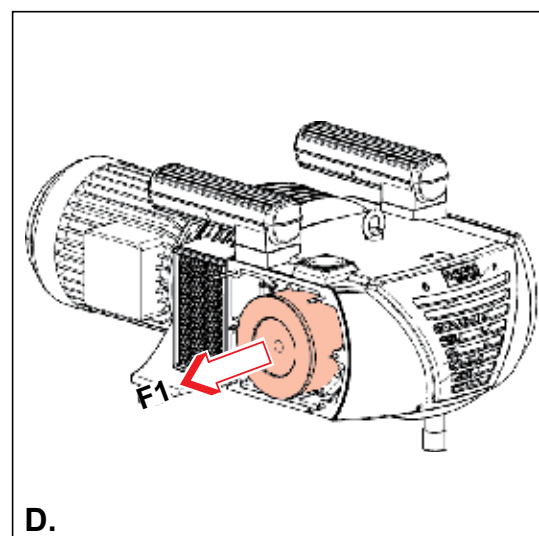
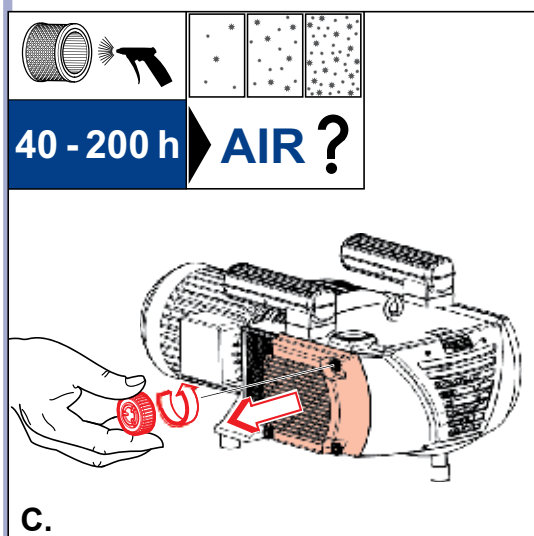
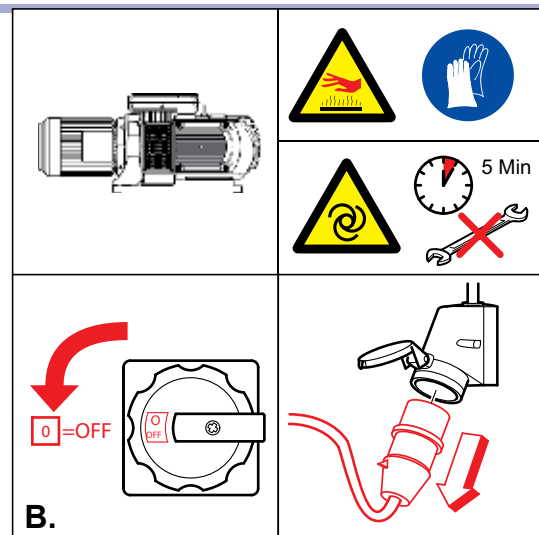
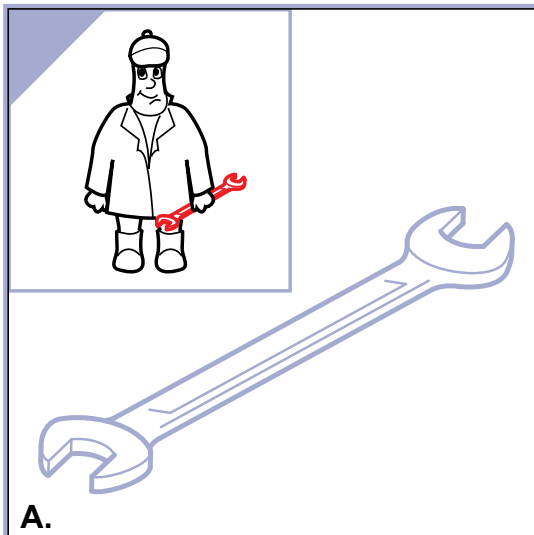
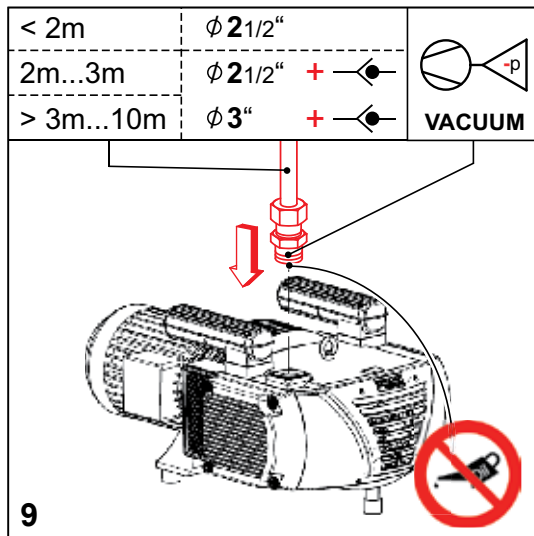
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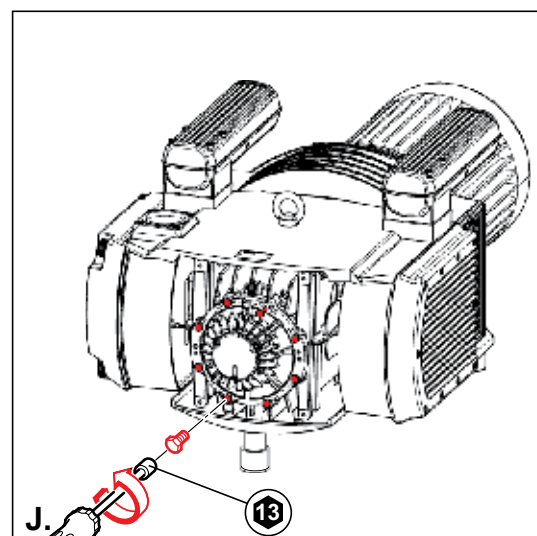
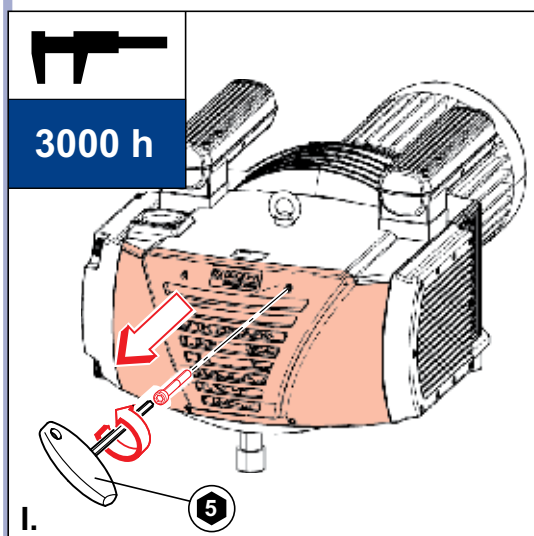
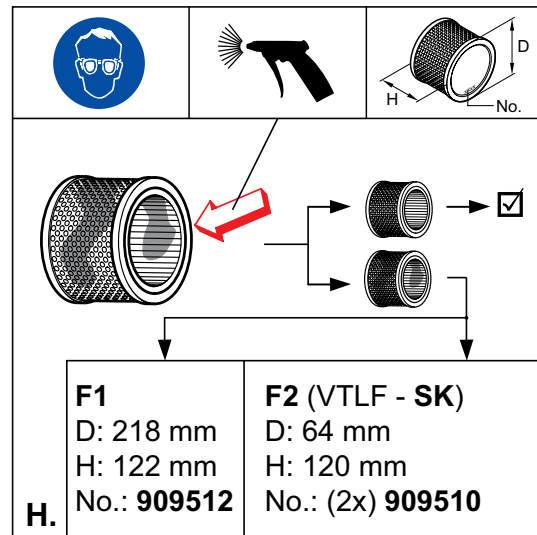
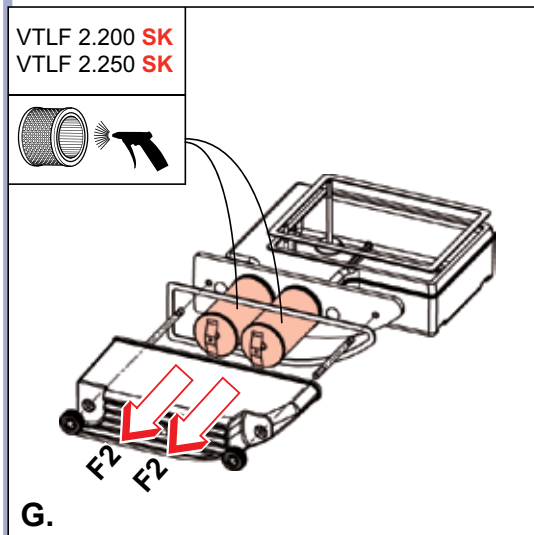
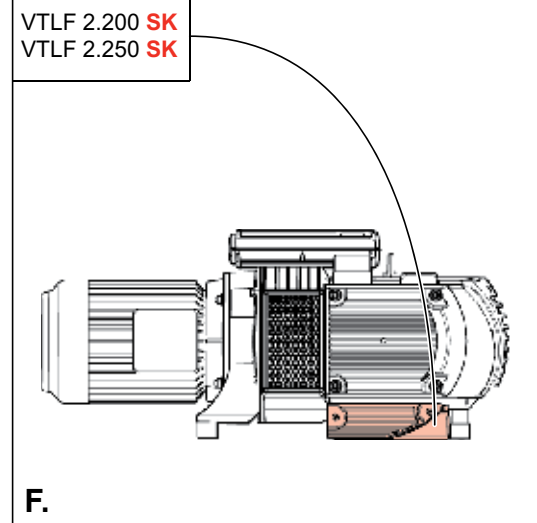
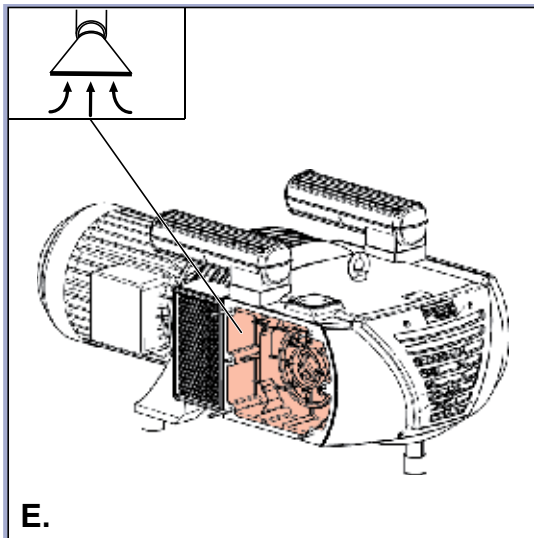
   	 	 <b>MAX. VACUUM</b>	 mbar
		 <b>MAX.</b>	 m³/h
 <b>AIR</b>	  	DIN EN ISO 2151 DIN EN ISO 3744	$L_{pA} = 75-77 \text{ dB(A)} - 50\text{Hz}$ $L_{pA} = 77-79 \text{ dB(A)} - 60\text{Hz}$ $K_{pA} = 3 \text{ dB(A)}$

  <b>1</b>	  250 kg 551 lbs	<b>A &gt; 400mm</b> <b>A &gt; 16"</b>	 <b>&gt; 5°C/41°F</b> <b>&lt; 45°C/113°F</b>	 <b>max. 90%</b>	 <b>max. 800m</b>
 <b>2</b>					

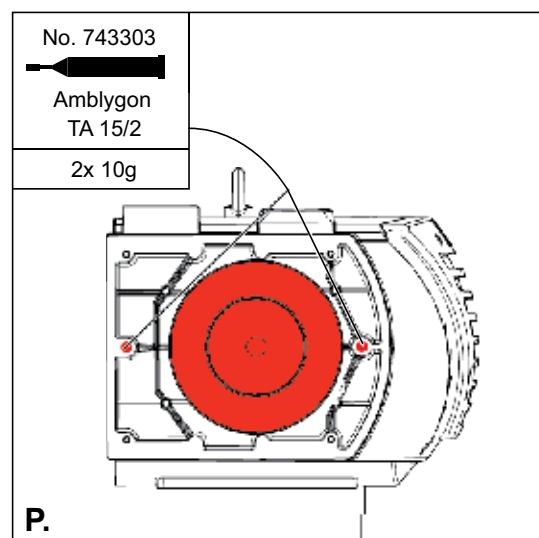
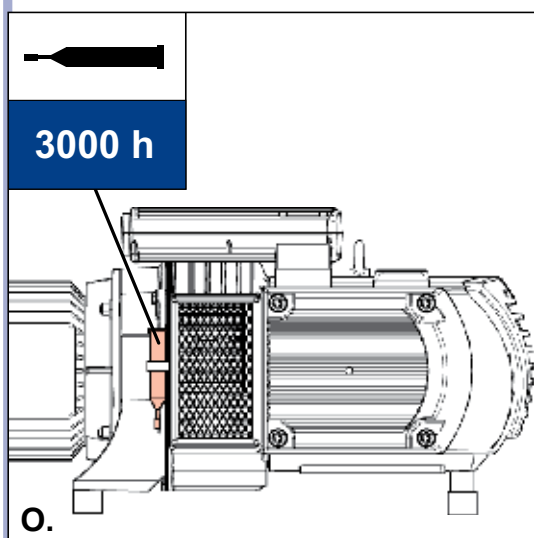
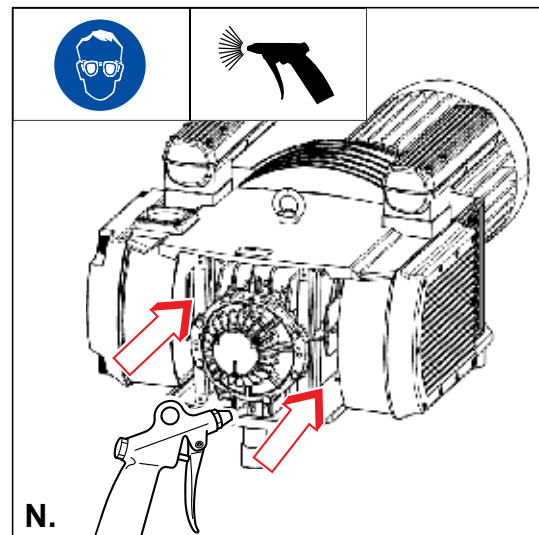
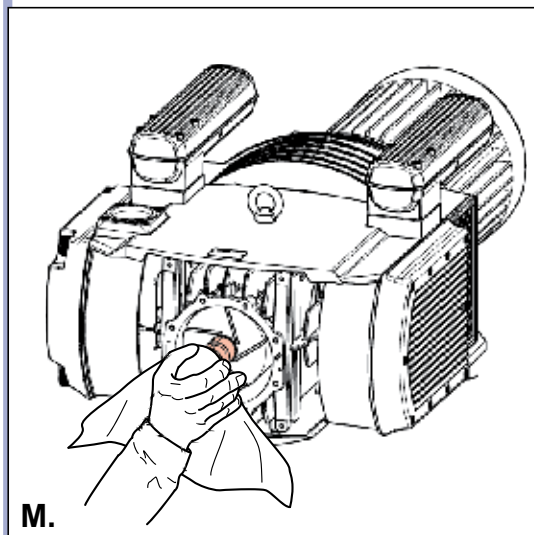
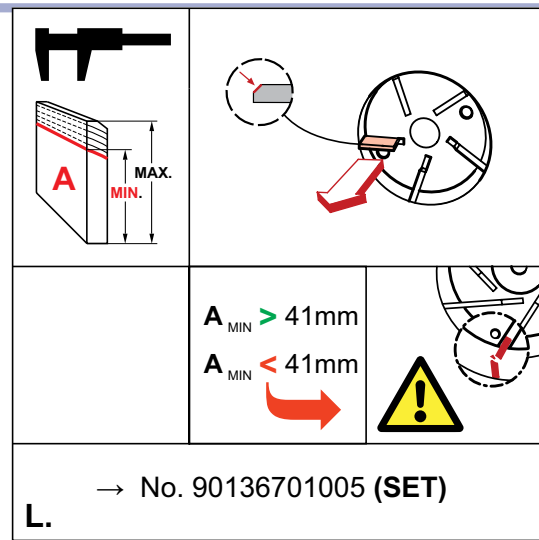
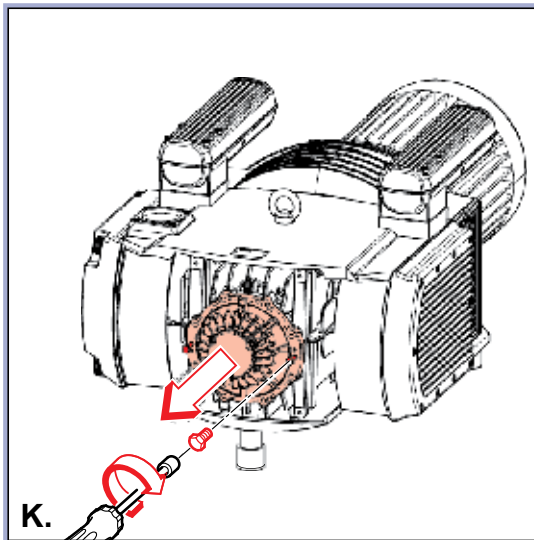
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## TLF 2.250-2.500 Internal Filter Inspection

-Tools required-  
Flashlight

### ATTENTION

VISUAL CLUES REGARDING VTLF 2.250 FILTER MAINTENANCE SHOULD NOT ALWAYS BE THE SOLE INDICATOR OF WHETHER A FILTER IS "CLEAN".

THOUGH THE FILTER HAS TREMENDOUS SURFACE AREA, THE DEEP PLEATING OF THE FILTER MAY DISGUISE WHETHER THE FILTER IS CLOGGED.

A PERIODIC PHYSICAL INSPECTION SHOULD BE PERFORMED TO MAKE SURE THERE IS A GOOD FLOW OF AIR THROUGH THE FILTER.

A CLOGGED FILTER IS ALMOST ALWAYS THE CAUSE OF PRE-MATURE VANE WEAR OR IN SOME CASES, PUMP FAILURE

-Remove the (4) black knobs by hand-



-Remove the internal filter and look for debris-

-Check for large debris deposits. This is an indicator that the filter caught the smaller particles-



-Use a flashlight on the outside of the filter-



If light **cannot** be seen on the inside, the filter is clogged and needs replaced.



-If you **can** see light, then blow out the filter using compressed air and replace-

- This needs to be a modest amount of light.
- Light should be present through each pleat.



**Greasing TLF 2.200-2.360**

**-Tools required-**  
**X1 – 7433050000**  
**(50 gram grease gun)**



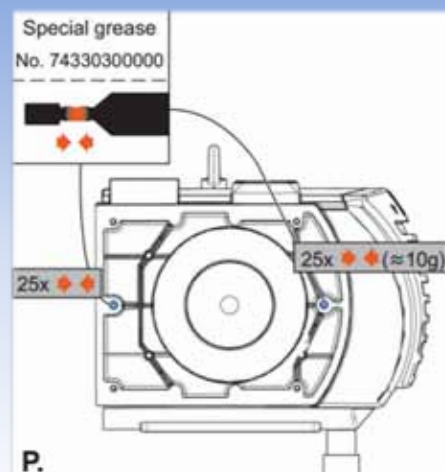
Author: Mike Ruff  
Becker Pumps Corp.

**Greasing  
instructions**

The greasing instructions can be found  
on step "P." in the operation manual sent  
with each pump.

Or they can be found at  
[www.Beckerpumps.com](http://www.Beckerpumps.com)

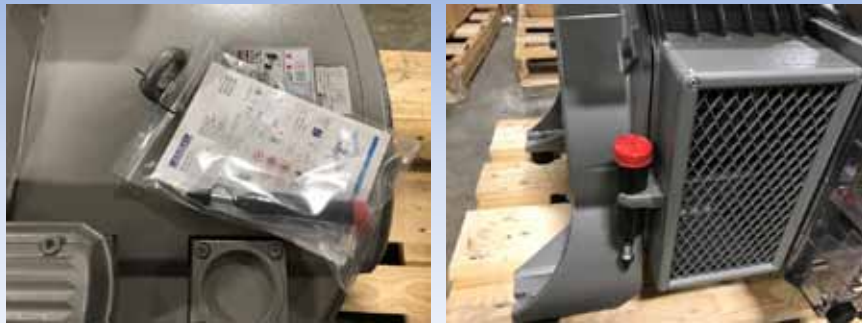
Bearings are to be grease every 3000 –  
4000 hours



Author: Mike Ruff  
Becker Pumps Corp.



**All new units come with new grease guns.  
(Found in either of the two places below)**



Author: Mike Ruff  
Becker Pumps Corp.

## GREASING PROCEDURE



Author: Mike Ruff  
Becker Pumps Corp.

**Remove the filter cover by loosening the black hand knobs.**



Author: Mike Ruff  
Becker Pumps Corp.

**Remove the internal filter and replace if needed.**

**Grease fittings are found next to the filter.  
(Remove the red caps.)**



Author: Mike Ruff  
Becker Pumps Corp.

**Remove the black cap from the grease gun**



Author: Mike Ruff  
Becker Pumps Corp.

**Prime all new grease guns by placing them at an angle against a hard surface.**

**Pump a few times until the grease is visible at the tip.**



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Becker Pumps Corp.

**Place the grease gun against the push fitting**

**Pump 10x into each bearing**

**(New or dry bearings = 25 times per bearing)**



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Becker Pumps Corp.

**Once the pump is ran, the grease will evenly  
distribute between the rollers and ball bearings.**



Author: Mike Ruff  
Becker Pumps Corp.

## **Techno CNC Systems, LLC., Terms and Conditions For Limited Warranty and Repairs Warranty**

### **WARRANTY**

All Techno CNC Systems, LLC., mechanical components are warranted against manufacturer's defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the time of shipment from Techno CNC Systems, LLC., facilities. All Techno CNC Systems, LLC., electrical components are similarly warranted for a period of one (1) year from the time of shipment from Techno CNC Systems, LLC., facilities. Techno CNC Systems, LLC.,'s sole obligation under this warranty is limited to repairing the product or, at its option, replacing the product without additional charge, provided the item is properly returned to Techno CNC Systems, LLC., for repair as described below. The provisions of this warranty shall not apply to any product that has been subjected to tampering, abuse, improper setup or operating conditions, misuse, lack of proper maintenance, or unauthorized user adjustment. Techno CNC Systems, LLC., makes no warranty that its products are fit for any use or purpose to which they may be put by the customer, whether or not such use or purpose has been disclosed to Techno CNC Systems, LLC., in specifications or drawings previously or subsequently provided, and whether or not Techno CNC Systems, LLC.,'s products are specifically designed and/or manufactured for such a purpose. NOTE: Drive motors (servo or stepper) are considered "mechanical components".

**THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHETHER EXPRESSED, IMPLIED, OR ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW, TRADE USAGE, OR COURSE OF DEALING, ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION ON THE FACE HEREOF.**

### **LIMITATION OF REMEDY**

In no event shall Techno CNC Systems, LLC., be liable for any incidental, consequential, or special damages of any kind or nature whatsoever. Techno CNC Systems, LLC., is in no way liable for any lost profits arising from or connected to this agreement or items sold under this agreement, whether alleged to arise from breach of contract, expressed or implied warranty, or in tort, including, without limitation, negligence, failure to warn, or strict liability.

### **RETURN PROCEDURE**

Before returning any equipment in or out of warranty, the customer must first obtain a return authorization number and packing instructions from Techno CNC Systems, LLC.. No claim will be allowed nor credit given for products returned without such authorization. Proper packaging and insurance for transportation is solely the customer's responsibility. After approval from Techno CNC Systems, LLC., the product should be returned with a statement of the problem and transportation prepaid. If, upon examination, warranted defects exist, the product will be repaired or replaced at no charge, and shipped prepaid back to the customer. Return shipment will be by common carrier (i.e., UPS). If rapid delivery is requested by customer, then such transport is at the customer's expense. If an out-of-warranty situation exists, the customer will be notified of the repair costs immediately. At such time, the customer must issue a purchase order to cover the cost of the repair or authorize the product to be shipped back as is, at the customer's expense. In any case, a restocking charge of 20% will be charged on all items returned to stock.

### **FIELD SERVICE**

Repairs are ordinarily done at Techno CNC Systems, LLC.,'s Ronkonkoma, New York facility, where all necessary instrumentation is available. This instrumentation is difficult to transport, so field service is severely limited, and will only be supplied at Techno CNC Systems, LLC.,'s discretion. If field service is required and is performed at Techno CNC Systems, LLC.,'s sole discretion, all relevant expenses, including transportation, travel time, subsistence costs, and the prevailing cost per hour (eight hour minimum) are the responsibility of the customer.

### **UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES**

Techno CNC Systems, LLC., is not liable for delay or failure to perform any obligations hereunder by reason of circumstances beyond its reasonable control. These circumstances include, but are not limited to, accidents, acts of God, strikes or labor disputes, laws, rules, or regulations of any government or government agency, fires, floods, delays or failures in delivery of carriers or suppliers, shortages of materials, and any other event beyond Techno CNC Systems, LLC.,'s control.

### **ENTIRE AGREEMENT/GOVERNING LAW**

The terms and conditions contained herein shall constitute the entire agreement concerning the terms and conditions for the limited warranty described hereunder. No oral or other representations are in effect. This Agreement shall be governed in all respects by the laws of New York State. No legal action may be taken by any party more than one (1) year after the date of purchase.

**TECHNO CNC SYSTEMS, LLC., RESERVES THE RIGHT TO CHANGE DESIGNS, SPECIFICATIONS, PRICES, AND ANY APPLICABLE DOCUMENTATION WITHOUT PRIOR NOTICE.**